

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:




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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type <input type="checkbox"/>	Question <input type="checkbox"/>	A <input type="checkbox"/>	B <input type="checkbox"/>	C <input type="checkbox"/>	D <input type="checkbox"/>	Answer <input type="checkbox"/>	Remark <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The common name for Musa sp is <input type="text"/>	banana					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The common name for Zea mays is <input type="text"/>	Maize					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The common name for Vigna unguiculata is <input type="text"/>	Cowpea					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a simple suction device used for collection of small insects such as mosquitoes, thrips, sandflies	Aspirator					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Light trap is one of the several methods of collecting <input type="text"/>	insects					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Pond is one of the sources of collecting <input type="text"/> invertebrates?	aquatic					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A spinal frog, one in which the entire brain is destroyed, is prepared by a procedure known as <input type="text"/>	pithing					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In anaesthetizing animals, <input type="text"/> and ether are used as anaesthetizing agents.	Chloroform					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Biological drawings in the laboratory are done with a <input type="text"/>	Pencil					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The scientific name of lizard is Agama <input type="text"/>	agama					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You should not put <input type="text"/> at the head of your guidelines when labeling a specimen	Arrows						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Bony fish possess mainly bony <input type="text"/> and <input type="text"/> skeleton	endo, exo						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A focusing telescope is also called <input type="text"/> lens	Bertrand						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Most microscopes have <input type="text"/> magnifications of the eyepiece	Three						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The low power objective lenses of the microscope have <input type="text"/> _focal length	Long						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You <input type="text"/> objects to be observed under the microscope	Centralize						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	When you care for an equipment in the lab, it lasts longer and also makes it <input type="text"/>	efficient						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Dissecting trays are usually layered with <input type="text"/>	wax						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Dissecting instruments must be <input type="text"/> _and <input type="text"/>	clean, dry						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Pen-knife is used for <input type="text"/> _bones in the laboratory	cutting						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> of the microtome becomes <input type="text"/> with usage	blade, burnt						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Hones are made of <input type="text"/>	stones						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	During centrifugation, the <input type="text"/> __ is brought to zero before start.	Rheostat						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	During centrifugation, tubes are put in <input type="text"/>	Pairs						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Required temperature in ovens and water baths is maintained by a <input type="text"/>	Thermostat						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	An equipment that provides a controlled temperature for growth of microorganisms is called <input type="text"/>	Incubator						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	If you open the door of the oven immediately after sterilization, the glass can <input type="text"/>	Crack						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Metal cans are sterilized in the lab using <input type="text"/>	Autoclave						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Higher plants are preserved by <input type="text"/>	Drying						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Lower plants are fixed before storage in <input type="text"/> __ bottles	sterilized						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Plants are grown either in a <input type="text"/> _garden or <input type="text"/> _house	Botanical garden, greenhouse						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Herbarium is for <input type="text"/> __ studies	Biological						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> make and maintain herbarium	Technician						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Plants are <input type="text"/> for herbarium	Preserved						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Tilapia zilli is in the Phylum <input type="text"/>	Chordata						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The structure of an organism is also called <input type="text"/>	Morphology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is used to probe dissected parts of an animal	Seekers						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You pick the skin of an animal with a <input type="text"/>	Forceps						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	During dissection, the animals are opened up with a <input type="text"/>	Scissors						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Dissected animals are disposed in the laboratory by <input type="text"/>	Burning						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> are words to describe your drawings	Labelings						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You want to indicate how big the specimen you have drawn is in relation to your drawing by way of <input type="text"/>	Magnification						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __ can be applied to plant sections to make the cells visible	Stains						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A thin section of water leaf stem can be made with a <input type="text"/> or microtome	Razor blade						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A cross section across a root can be viewed with a <input type="text"/>	Microscope						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The scientific name of rat is <input type="text"/>	Rattus rattus						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You should wear <input type="text"/> __ to remove beakers from a hot water bath of 50°C	Gloves						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The pH of a medium is usually adjusted in the lab by adding <input type="text"/> or <input type="text"/>	HCl , NaOH						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In your inoculum agar plate, the area having the highest concentration of bacteria is called the <input type="text"/>	Pool						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> loop is used for streaking microbe inoculum in the laboratory	Metal						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You should keep <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> and other inflammable away from flame in the laboratory	alcohols, acetone						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __water is used for running experiments in the laboratory	Distilled						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	You seat on <input type="text"/> in laboratory	Stool						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A piece of potato in Petri dish and a drop of iodine added is testing for <input type="text"/>	Starch						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Animals are dissected in <input type="text"/> in the laboratory	Trays						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is used to measure the contraction of muscles and heart in the laboratory	Kymograph						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is used to measure the rate of loss of water by plants in the laboratory	Potometer						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> solution is used for moistening tissues	Ringers						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A popular plant fixative in the laboratory is <input type="text"/>	Formol						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Bacteria cells are classified on the basis of their reactions to <input type="text"/> stain	Gram's						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A lab coat is	Destructive	Constructive	Protective	Attractive	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The ultra structure of an object is best seen with the aid of	Ultra microscope	Light microscope	Stereo microscope	Electron microscope	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When an object is seen clearly under the microscope, it is said to be	Sharp focus	In focus	Out focus	Disfocus	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The light microscope uses	Fire source	Electrical source	Sunlight source	Nuclear source	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The microscope is	A magnifier	An apparatus	An equipment	All of the above	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The slide is mounted on the microscope on the	Prism	Base plate	Stage	Clamp Screw	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You look into the microscope through the	Tube	Clips	Eyepiece	Accessory lens	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	All the under listed are parts of the microscope except	Coarse focus	Base plate	Nose-piece	Electric handle	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following does not belong to the microscope group?	Phase contrast microscope	Dissecting microscope	Kohler brightfield magnifier	Concave lens	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The best anaesthetizing agent in the laboratory is	Sulphuric acid	Glycerol	Chloroform	Sodium pellets	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Why is it that you do not drink or eat in the lab?	To instill discipline	To compel students to fast	To avoid poisoning	All of the above	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Why should books, notes and purses be kept in designated places in the lab?	To avoid being burnt	To avoid being stolen	To avoid cheating	To avoid disturbance	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When a display is ready, it is pasted in the	Toilet	Prep room	Lecture room	Open lab walls and doors	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You write instructions for display in the laboratory using	A pen	A pencil	A colour pen	A cartographer pen	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You display instructions in the laboratory using	A tissue paper	A duplicating paper	A chart paper	A news paper	C		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the study of biology, which of these statements is true?	There should be no practical	Involves only observations	Involves only drawings	Practical's should go hand-in-hand with theory	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is critical for good drawings?	Lens	Dissecting set	Thick cardboard	Sharp pencil	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In practical biology, you -----	Can draw rough lines	Can disregard tutor's instructions	Follow tutors instructions	Can draw out of proportion	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Field study is carried out in the study of biology to -----	Learn about organisms in situ	Learn about how organisms relate to others	Learn about the habitat of the organisms	All of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these statements is correct about biological drawings?	Study of specimens is not necessary	All curves in a specimen are disregarded	Drawing should not be too small or too big	Lines of the diagram must be thin and discontinuous	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Magnification of biological drawing is -----	A mathematical expression	Extension of the specimen on paper	Expression of the actual size of specimen in mathematical term	increase in size of specimens	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When you make a cut on a fruit from top to bottom along its length, it is also called	Lateral section	Ventral section	Longitudinal section	Transverse section	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following items is out of place in the report of your experiments	Date of experiment	Purpose of experiment?	Materials	None of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of the following is not a laboratory equipment	Compound microscope	Microtome	Refrigerator	Slide cabinet	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not a glassware?	pH meter	Beaker	Pipettes	Volumetric flask	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following equipment utilizes steam for sterilization?	Autoclave	Cooker	Water bath	Distillation plant	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these items of the laboratory is out of place in the group?	Revolving stool	Open shelve	Work table	Hot plate	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the laboratory disposal of spent materials are done on -----	The floor	The Sink	The incinerator	The can	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	To display general instructions in the laboratory, which of the following factors should be least considered?	Legibility	Conspicuousness	Wordings	Attractiveness	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The labels of stock solutions in the laboratory should contain all except one of these information	Name of Chemical	Molarity	Name of person that prepared it	Date	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the operation of an autoclave when the discharge outlet valve is closed, ----- minutes are needed for sterilisation?	12	10	20	24	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The operational range of temperature in an incubator is between -----	22-25°C	22-30°C	24-40°C	22-50°C	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The culture of microorganisms is best done in the laboratory using	A wooden chamber	Open lab tables	Laminar flow	Prep room	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Dissecting trays contain-----	Water	Paper	Wax	Wood	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Used culture plates are better sterilized in the laboratory using-----	Oven	Incubator	Autoclave	Water bath	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Transverse Section (TS) of the stem of water leaf is made in the lab using	A knife	A scissors	A scarpel	A razor blade	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Pteridophytes are ----- producing vascular plants	Spore	Seed	Flower	Fruit	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An aspirator has..... tubes	One	Two	Three	Four	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An aspirator is a device used for collection of.....	Large insects	Small insects	Insects	Termites	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The male Agama agama is easily distinguished with its	Blue head	Yellow head	Red head	Black head	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The African toad protects itself when handled by the production of which fluid.....	Watery	Caustic	Milky	Mucoid	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the African toad, the snout of the head is -----	Flattened	Rectangular	Rounded	Diagonal	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In T.zilli the anal fin located-----	Anteriorly	Ventrally	Posteriorly	Dorsally	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When viewed from the side, the head of T.zilli is what shape?	Rectangular	Triangular	Circular	Oblong	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Tilapia zilli belongs to the Order	Lamniiformes	Salienta	Perciformes	Squamata	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____constitute the largest number of living vertebrates	The dog fish	The bony fish	The reptilian	The aves	B	eExam



<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The essence of dissecting an animal or insect is	To kill the animal or insect	To open up the animal or insect	To display the internal organs/system	To remove the parts needed	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	To maximize the light gathering ability of the microscope lens, you add _____ between the object and the coverglass	Alcohol	Water	Immersion oil	Submersion oil	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following statements is incorrect about a microscope?	It is kept in a damp place	parts can be removed and replaced	Carry it carefully	It magnifies objects	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Animals for dissection are held down on a board or tray with	Sellotape	Aradite gum	Pins	Super glue	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You open up a rat with	A seeker	A forcep	Scissors	A knife	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Wearing of a lab coat is for	Men only	Ladies only	Demonstrators only	All of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Wearing of a lab coat is	Fanciful	Unnecessary	Unprofessional	Professional	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What is a lab coat?	A coat like a raincoat worn in the lab	A coat made of woolen material worn in the lab	A coat made of white material worn in the lab	A coat made of rayon material worn in the lab	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Why is wearing of short is the lab not advisable?	To encourage sluggishness in the lab	To prevent immorality	To avoid injury	To avoid contamination	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Talking in the lab might	Release saliva to alter experiments	Contaminate microbial experiment	Catalise some reactions	All of the above	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You avoid making noise in the lab because	You do not want to infect others	Chemicals can enter you mouth while talking	you will disturb others	You might loose your teeth to organisms and chemicals	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	If you eat in the lab, you are likely to	Injure yourself and alter your results	Injure yourself and improve your results	Not injure yourself nor alter your results	Not injure yourself but alter your results	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You do not smoke in the lab in order to avoid	Contamination	Ashes being dropped on tables	Smoke	Fire	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	You keep the lab clean in order to	Make it clean	Help the cleaner	Avoid contamination	Observe sanitation	C	eExam

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