

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A data <input type="text"/> language is a language associated with a database management system that is employed by end users and programmers to manipulate data in the database.	manipulation					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A data <input type="text"/> language is the component of a database management system that defines each data as it appears in the database.	definition					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is a collection of data stored in a standardized format, designed to be shared by multiple users.	database					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Program-data dependence is a problem of <input type="text"/> file system	Traditional					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Data <input type="text"/> means the presence of duplicate data in multiple data files and often in different format.	Redundancy					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> systems are systems designed to deal with dynamic situations in order to control a critical operation such as an airline reservation system which must be continually updated as events occur.	Real-time	Real time				<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> processing system is an automated system that performs and records the daily or routine transactions necessary to conduct a business.	Transaction						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	TPS stands for <input type="text"/> processing system	Transaction						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> processing is a method of processing that allows transactions to be entered directly to the system via terminals, PCs or workstations as they take place thereby updating the master file immediately as the transactions occur.	Online						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> system keeps tracks of the money paid to employees.	payroll						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> processing is a method of data processing, in which transaction data such as data from time card is collected over a period for payroll processing, and then processed all at once as a batch to update the master file.	Batch						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> system refers to a collection of compatible hardware and software required to exchange information from one location to another.	telecommunication						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> refers to the process of transmitting data /information from a source via a telecommunications system in coded forms to a destination for the purpose of interchanging details of business transaction.	Data communication						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> file is a collection of records that are relatively permanent records that are updated periodically.	Master						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> file refers to a collection of transaction records.	Transaction						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> file organization is a type of technique of file organization that uses both the sequential and direct access methods.	Indexed sequential						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> file organization is a type of file organization, data records are normally stored in ascending order of key field.	sequential						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> file organization is a method of file organization where records are not arranged in any specific order.	Serial						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> files refers to document files, contain data, not programs.	Data						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	ASCII stands for American Standard Code for <input type="text"/>	Information Interchange						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Program files are files that store sets of instructions written in a <input type="text"/> language.	programming						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The extension for a microsoft excel file is <input type="text"/>	.xls	xlsx					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The extension for a text file is <input type="text"/>	.txt						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The extension for a microsoft word document is <input type="text"/>	.doc	docx					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is collection of data or information that has a name called the filename.	File						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> time is the amount of time between when the CPU requests a file and when the first byte of the file is sent to the CPU.	Seek						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the rate at which information can be read from or written to the storage of a computer.	Throughput						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is the set of tracks at a given radius of a disk pack.	Cylinder						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is the smallest addressable unit in a disk.	Sector						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Bits of data (0 s and 1 s) are stored on circular magnetic platters called <input type="text"/> —.	Disks	Disk					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is a data storage medium that is composed of a disk of thin, flexible magnetic storage medium encased in a square or rectangular piece of mylar plastic.	Diskette	Floppy disk					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> printer produce images by pushing electrically heated pins against special heat-sensitive paper.	Thermal						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> printer is a type of printer that is able to print an entire line at one time with as much speed as 3,000 lines per minute.	Line						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a device that prints text or illustration on paper and in many cases on transparencies and other media.	Printer						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A fax machine also referred to as <input type="text"/> transmission machine	facsimile						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	OCR stands Optical <input type="text"/> Recognition	character						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	OMR stands for <input type="text"/> Mark Recognition	Optical						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Scanners use <input type="text"/> and reflected light to capture and translate hardcopy images of text, drawings, photos into computer understandable form for processing.	Laser beams						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is used for entering text and numeric values into the computer.	Keyboard						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Presentation graphics enable users to create highly stylized <input type="text"/> for slide show and report.	graphics						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A database management system (DBMS) is a collection of programs that allows you to store modify and extract <input type="text"/> from a database.	information						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> software includes programs that are developed using systems software in order to achieve some tasks.	Application						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is made up of many component programs and manages the overall operations of a computer system.	Operating system	OS					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	An/A <input type="text"/> system is the most important software for a computer.	Operating						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> consists of a group of related programs written in a specific code called programming language.	Software						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is used to refer to about 1 million bytes of data.	Megabytes						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A kilobyte represents <input type="text"/> bytes	1000						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the next larger unit of data representation within a computer system.	Byte						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A group of eight bits is called a <input type="text"/>	Byte						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is the smallest possible unit of data.	Bit						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The term <input type="text"/> is a short form of binary digit.	Bit						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Programs in EPROM chip can be <input type="text"/> and reprogrammed.	Erased						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	EPROM stands for electronically <input type="text"/> read-only memory.	Erasable						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	PROM is an acronym for <input type="text"/> read-only memory.	Programmable						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a nonvolatile type of memory.	ROM	Read Only Memory					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	ROM is an acronym for Read <input type="text"/> Memory.	Only						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	RAM is an acronym for Random <input type="text"/> Memory.	Access						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The computer can perform only two types of operations: arithmetic operations and <input type="text"/> operations.	logical						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	All the computer's resources are managed from <input type="text"/>	control unit	CU					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A/An <input type="text"/> device is used to communicate data and instructions or programs to the computer.	input					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One important reason a computer needs ROM is so that it knows what to do when the power is first turned on.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computers were very expensive to operate and maintain.	First	Second	Third	Fourth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Using a computer in business guarantees an improved access to inform by means of online and real-time access to information system	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Using a computer in business does not increase the productivity of staff in general	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation of computer relied on punched cards for input and printouts for output.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Using a computer in business leads to improved customer relations due to its reliability, generation of more timely reports, and speedier responses to enquiries regarding business operations	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ operation allows data or instructions to be captured electronically or entered by means of the available input device.	Input	Ouput	Print	Display	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The computer processes data by performing the following except	Input	Processing	Output	All of the options	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A supercomputer is especially sophisticated and powerful type of computer that is used primarily for extremely rapid and complex computations with hundreds of thousands of variable factors.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ is highly sophisticated and powerful machine that is used for tasks requiring rapid and complex calculations with hundreds of thousands of variable factors.	Supercomputer	Super	Computer	All of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Workstations are used mainly in handling computing applications such as in science, engineering, and design work that requires powerful graphics or computational capabilities	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A workstation is so much like a PC except that it is more powerful and has more capabilities for handling _____ and graphics-processing than a PC.	Graphical	Mathematical	Analytical	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Microcomputers are sometimes referred to as _____ computers .	Desk	Small	Personal	Huge	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ is a mid-range, multi-purpose computer, about the size of an office desk produced by a number of manufacturers including Dell, Hewlett Packard	Macrocomputer	Minicomputer	Microcomputer	Midcomputer	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ computer is used for very large amount of business, scientific and engineering, military data.	Mainframe	Frame	Sub-frame	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ computer is the largest and relatively most powerful computer, a powerhouse with large storage and very rapid processing power and speed.	Mini	Mainframe	Midi	Micro	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A/An _____ computer represents a datum as a sequence of symbols drawn from a fixed alphabet.	Analog	Micro	Digital	Alphanumeric	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The term _____ describes any system based on discontinues data or events. For example, electricity is either turned on or turned off.	Digital	Analog	Main	Macro	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An/A _____ computer represents a datum as a voltage, distance, position, or other physical quantity.	Digital	Analog	Main	Macro	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Analog refers to _____ (non-computer-based), continuous variable forms of data transmission, including voice and video.	Digital	Analog	Non-digital	Non-analog	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Early attempts at manufacturing computers used analog techniques, but accuracy, speed and reliability were not very acceptable.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The use of parallel processing and superconductors is not helping to make artificial intelligence a reality.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computing devices, based on artificial intelligence, are still in development.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ led to the creation of the first personal computer.	Microprocessor	Microchip	Macroprocessors	Macrochip	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computers use microprocessor chips, which are large-scale integrated circuits containing thousands of transistors.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ brought the fourth generation of computers, as thousands of integrated circuits were built onto a single silicon chip.	Microprocessor	Microchip	Macroprocessors	Macrochip	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In _____ generation computers transistors were miniaturized and placed on silicon chips, called semiconductors, which drastically increased the speed and efficiency of computers.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computers used integrated circuits.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computers allowed programmers to specify instructions in words.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In _____ generation of computers, transistors were used in placed of vacuum tubes.	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	D	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation computers allowed programming in machine language to perform operations	First	Second	Third	Fourth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The first computers used vacuum tubes for circuitry and _____ drums for memory	Vacuum	Magnetic	Plastic	Metal	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The computer is designed with _____ mechanism for reading data into the computer, internal storage facilities, and mechanisms for communicating with the outside world	Input	Output	Print	Scan	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ generation of computers supported the use of assembly languages	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Computer are used primarily to speed up the _____ solving and increase the overall productivity of its users.	Problems	Device	Calculation	Theory	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ can be referred to as a programmable, multi-user device that accepts data, raw facts and figures, and processes, or manipulates, it into useful information	Printer	Scanner	Computer	Database	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A computer is a device which given a set of _____ or data can be used to perform given task or tasks.	Instructions	Options	Details	All of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The advantage of EEPROM chips is that they need to be removed from the computer to be changed.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The ultimate goal of data processing is to obtain _____ with which to control financial and administrative aspects of a business.	Data	Records	Information	Intel	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ system can be viewed as an administrative system superimposed upon the physical business systems such as banking, engineering, insurance etc.	Data processing	Window processing	Digital	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	USB flash drives are typically removable and rewritable, much shorter than a floppy disk	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	USB stands for universal _____ bus	Serial	Software	Standard	Social	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ tape has historically been found more convenient means of large data storage over disk where media portability or removability is required for backup.	Magnetic	Metal	Glass	All of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these is not a major component of a telecommunication system	Computer	Terminal	Communication channel	None of the options	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ system cant transmit text, graphic images, voice or video information.	Tele	Telecommunication	Transfer	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Data processing consist of those activities concerned with the _____ recording, sorting, computing, modifying, reporting displaying and printing of details relating to business transactions.	Fast	Large	Systematic	All of the options	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Transaction file is a temporary holding file that stores records that normally have a limited useful lifetime.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	None of the options	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these is an online processing system	Visa processing	Result checking	Banking enquiry	All of the options	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Data processing systems have become indispensable in managing information in modern day organizations.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Lack of skilled professional for systems support is considered as a disadvantage of distributed data processing	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these is not an advantage of distributed data processing	Modularity	Lower cost	Reliability	None of the options	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these is an advantage of distributed data processing	Modularity	Lower cost	Reliability	All of the options	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ Data processing (DP) is any computer automated process that converts raw facts i.e data into output i.e useful information.	File	System	Electronic	Information	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Workstation can handle more complicated tasks than PC in the same amount of time.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the plural form of the word datum and refers to basic facts about an object.	Dat	Data	Information	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Local control of data is also a disadvantage of distributed data processing	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Transaction processing entails the _____ of appropriate database records as soon as a transaction is captured into the computer.	Deleting	Updating	Removing	Adding	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Spreadsheet software also has features that allow the creation of analytical graphics.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Traditionally, spreadsheet was simply grid of rows and columns on special paper that was used by accountant and others to produce financial projections and report.	Agree	Disagree	Unsure	Partially	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Data exist in a variety of forms such as numbers or text on pieces of paper, as _____ in computer memory or as facts stored in a person's mind.	Bits	Bytes	Kilobyte	Magabytes	B	eExam

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