

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type ↓↑	Question ↑	A ↑	B ↑	C ↑	D ↑	Answer ↑	Remark ↑
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> _criminologists view crime as a function of the capitalist mode of production.	critical					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The theory of deviant <input type="text"/> focus on how people living in the deteriorated neighbourhood react to social isolation and economic deprivation.	subcultures					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> _theorists maintain that the powerful impose criminal labels on the less powerful member of the society.	conflict					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _argued that delinquency results when an individual's bond to society is weak or broken .	Hirschi					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The viennese psychiatrist who believes that man carries the unconscious biological drives is <input type="text"/>	sigmund Freud					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	These three types of the body physique is called <input type="text"/>	somatotypes	somato				<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The American psychologist who maintained that body types were related to crime is <input type="text"/>	william sheldon					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who made a proposition that criminals are distinct types by birth <input type="text"/>	Lombroso						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> _explanations of crime have argued that particular individuals are more prone to crime than others because of their genetic make up.	Biological						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The theory that states that human beings commit crime because they rationally calculate that the crime will give them more pleasure than pain is <input type="text"/>	classical						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> theory is a product of the Enlightenment period or age of reason in the late 1500s and late 1700s.	classical						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The method of research which was developed by demographers and applied primarily to the study of fertility using age-groups is <input type="text"/>	cohort study	cohort					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The records of crime collected, compiled and analysed by government agencies is called <input type="text"/> _crime statistics.	official						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The act which is illegal if a juvenile commits it but would not be crime if it is committed by an adult is called <input type="text"/>	status offence						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The number of crimes per unit of population or some other base is <input type="text"/>	crime rate						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The humanitarian efforts of mutually aids rather than coercive punishment is the key to the <input type="text"/> _justice model	Restorative						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The view of the justice system portrays a method for dispensing treatment to needy patients known as <input type="text"/>	medical model						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to <input type="text"/> _punishment is critical because it symbolises the legitimate social order and power of societies.	David Garland						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The crime control philosophy emphasises the essence of protecting the society and compensating the <input type="text"/>	victims						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The major components of this system above is correctional agencies,police and <input type="text"/>	courts						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The criminal justice system is essentially an instrument of <input type="text"/>	social control						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _discuss the central objectives and yardsticks for measuring successful policing.	Odekunle						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The primary task of the police is <input type="text"/>	order enforcement						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Historically,the main function of the police is to protect the <input type="text"/>	property	life					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Section <input type="text"/> gives the Nigeria police the constitutional power to operate	214	two hundred and fourteen					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The highest court in Nigeria established under section 230 is <input type="text"/>	supreme						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The court established under section 270 of the Nigeria constitution for each of the state is <input type="text"/>	high court						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The court established under section 249 of the Nigeria constitution is <input type="text"/>	federal high court						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A young person is any person who is less than <input type="text"/> _ years in southern Nigeria.	17	seventeen					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A child is defined as any person under the age of <input type="text"/> _ years.	14	fourteen					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The court designed primarily to administer the customary laws of the communities that made up Nigeria is <input type="text"/>	customary	area					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The special court established for the trial and welfare of children and young persons is called <input type="text"/>	juvenile court						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The body of knowledge that regards crime as a social phenomenon is called <input type="text"/>	criminology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The behaviours that the state considers to be unacceptable is said to be <input type="text"/>	criminal law						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> argues that crime is a violation of culture norms	Sellin						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The concept of crime implies the codification of such rules in the form of <input type="text"/>	criminal law						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _defines crime as a nonconformist conduct that breaks a law.	Giddens					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Sociologically,crime is a form of <input type="text"/>	deviance					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Sutherland theory that determine the learning process of crime is <input type="text"/>	Differential Association					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The concept of sociological theory claims that crime is <input type="text"/> factor	environmental					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Abraham Maslow classification the security is <input type="text"/> needs	safety					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Debank records of crime is otherwise known as <input type="text"/> records.	unofficial	not official				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Lombroso believed that crime is <input type="text"/> __in human beings	inherited	genetic				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The chromosome that causes aggression in human life is <input type="text"/>	xyy					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Freud said that the unconscious nature of man is the <input type="text"/>	Id	instinctual gratification				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	social problem is a deviation from social <input type="text"/>	norms					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In research methodology,sample is the basis of <input type="text"/>	survey					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to maslow food is a <input type="text"/> needs of man	physiological					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Large family size is one of the causes of <input type="text"/>	Trafficking in persons.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Debt bondage is an offence associated with <input type="text"/>	Trafficking in persons.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The prompt ratification of the trans-national organised crime convention and its national domestication into national legislation is known as <input type="text"/>	National Agency for the prohibition of traffic in persons	Naptip					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The smuggling of migrants and the protocol is to suppress the trafficking of persons especially <input type="text"/> _and <input type="text"/>	women, children.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The UN Resolution on the transnational organised crime convention is otherwise known as <input type="text"/> __convention.	palermo						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Another name for human trafficking is <input type="text"/> __crime.	cross-the-border.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Human trafficking involves a long term exploitation for <input type="text"/> _gain.	economic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Human trafficking is not a new phenomenon,its activities are not different from the slave trade of the <input type="text"/> __era.	medieval						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to <input type="text"/> women who undergo traumatic sexual experiences later suffer psychological deficits such as eating disorders and mental illness.	paradis						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The more serious violent crimes, such as rape and aggravated assault, typically take place after <input type="text"/>	6pm						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> status attracts the attention of thieves.	social.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Classical ideas about crime and punishment was advocated by <input type="text"/>	Jeremy Bentham						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	. Target Vulnerability : the victims' physical weakness incapable of resisting or deterring crime is associated with <input type="text"/> victimization.	repeat						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> __theory views on the relationship between the economic structure and social behaviour.	radical						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Classical theory, human behaviour was considered as being motivated by a <input type="text"/> __rationality	Hedonistic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	This theory states that some criminologists believe that people may become crime victims because their <input type="text"/> increases their exposure to criminal offenders	Life Style						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Classical theory believed that individual criminals engage in a process of rational <input type="text"/> decision makin	Calculative	Thinking					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Official crime statistics are records of crime derived from the <input type="text"/> _agencies	Government						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	This theory states that these areas are homes for the "demoralized kinds of people" who are easy targets for crime: the homeless, the addicted, the retarded and the elderly poor <input type="text"/>	Deviant place					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Residents of <input type="text"/> areas have a much greater risk of becoming victims because they live in areas with many motivated offenders.	poor					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> suggested that criminal victimization can be avoided by moving to an area with greater law enforcement and lower crime rates	Wilson					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to <input type="text"/> the volume and distribution of predatory crime (violent crimes against a person and crimes in which an offender attempts to steal an object directly) are closely related to the interreactions of American lifestyles	Cohen and Felson					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The restitution of crime victims was made at the commonwealth law conference held in London on <input type="text"/>	2005					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	. Compensatory justice in Nigeria is a matter of <input type="text"/> __court and not criminal jurisdiction	civil.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The criminal procedure act and penal code which are in use in most parts of the country lay more emphasis on <input type="text"/> the convicted crime offenders.	punishing					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to _____ (1987)"Justice is not a one way traffic, it is not justice for the appellant only".	Justice Oputa						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Crime skyrocketed in the 1930s during the _____ Depression	Great						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The classical criminology is a product of _____	reason	obohia Ndoki	entertainment	politics	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to _____, he saw crime as a social product, determine by social conditions, capable of being controlled only in social terms.	Emerto Giddens	Emile Durkheim	clement chukwunka	Rebort Merton	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	crimes officially recorded by the police is called _____	government record	police record	prison record	people record	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	crimes not officially recorded by the police is called _____	dark crime	red crime	yellow crime	blue crime	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The formal source of crime statistics is _____	prison	victim survey	self-report	media report	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The informal source of crime statistics is _____	media report	police report	court report	office	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	crime statistics could be collected from _____	NNPG	IPL	ICPC	NDLP	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	crime _____ reduces the level of victimization	programme	deter	activity	prevention	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	males are criminal addict than _____	dogs	police	females	boys	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The elderly are resistant to _____	crime	alcohol	drunkenness	larceny	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Age is _____ related to crime	versely	direct	equal	inversely	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	This influence crime rates _____	explosion	firearms	fight	ethnic	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The scientific study criminal behaviour is _____	sociology	criminal law	criminology	crime	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	criminal law is also called a _____ law	penal	civil	sanction	police	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	law is said to violates king's peace _____	property	criminal	common	king	B		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these, influences crime in the society _____	firearms	politics	social	mens rea	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	criminology is the study of _____	crime	social	mens rea	politics	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Another name for criminal law is _____	penal	mens rea	crime	punishment	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	common law is a violation of _____	king's peace	punishment	penal	crime	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	schmalleger says that criminal law specifies _____	actus reus	Guilty	punishment	mens rea	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Guilty mind is another name for _____	law	actus reus	crime	mens rea	D	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Actus reus is an element of _____	conformist conduct	culture	crime	law	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	sellin defines crime as _____	violation of culture	norm	non-conformist conduct	conformist conduct	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Giddens defines crime as _____	norm	conformist conduct	behaviour	non-conformist conduct	D	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Fault is the latin name for _____	faulty	crimen	facie	atusrea	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The differential association theory is the works of _____	chukwunka	tarde	sutherland	merton	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The learning theory is associated with _____	Tarde	comte	merton	chukwunka	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The delinquent subculture is associated with _____	comte	claud	merton	cloward	D	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In criminology ,delinquent subcultures are _____	stubborn	children	Retreatist	moron	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	1. Until the late 1960s, Criminologists devoted themselves to learning why _____ violated the rules of society.	disobey	Law breakers	Delinquency	Truancy	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	strain theory is associated with this scholar _____	Merton	Bentham	Abraham	Clifford	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The perspective that rejected the idea of born criminality is _____	cultural	positivist	classical	sociological	D	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	criminality being determined by environmental conditions relates to _____	biological theory	educational theory	sociological theory	cultural theory	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>	

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Crime is a form of deviance and therefore a _____ problem in any society	social	social oppression	political	economic	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The maslow's hierarchy of needs in the safety needs are _____	security	nature	water	sex	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	crime is a resistant to the _____	elderly	young	adult	youth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	3. The Writer who indicates that crime is formally defined as illegal through the codification of laws which is assumed to embody the societal consensus is ____	Sheila Balkan	Joseph Gerrom	clement chukwunka	Ndoki Obohia	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ reduces the level of victimazation	prevention	crime	statistics	input	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	chicago school of sociology is related to _____	social ecology	political ecology	cultural ecology	ethnic ecology	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	chicago school is otherwise known as _____	social ecology	cultural ecology	human ecology	ecology	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Human ecology is a branch of _____	natural	chemistry	physics	biology	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	American cities developed through _____	disorganization	changes	invasion	succcess	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A little encouragement over delinquent behaviours result in _____	disorganization	disobedience	delinquent	disorde	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Burgress and others explain crime through the process of _____	balance	operation	modell	operant	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	differential reinforcement is the explanation of crime through _____	study	learning	psychology	balancing	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	positive reinforcement is the condition that _____	reduce	punishment	reward	stimuluS	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Negative reinforcement is the condition that _____	remove	learning	reward	recover	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	stealing is _____ reinforcement	balancing	learning	positive	negative	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Edwin sutherland is associated with the theory of _____	social contract	strain	differential association	Anomic	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Tarde is associated with the theory of _____	Social	learning	politics	crime	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Retreatism is associated with a _____ culture	delinquent	environmental	social	economic	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	sampling is the basis of _____	study	observer	experimentation	survey	D	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Abraham maslow is related to the work of _____ theory	economical	ecology	humanist psychology	sociological	C	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ theory says that criminality is determined by environment	physiological	sociological	psychological	economical	B	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	strain theory is related to _____	merton	parsons	marx	engel	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The perspective that criminality is determined by environmental conditions was the ideas of _____	sociological theory	educational theory	biological theory	cultural theory	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of the subtypes of objective oppression is _____	social oppression	cultural	economic	family	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The higher part of the physiological needs is _____	security	sex	water	nature	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The lower part of the the physiological needs is _____	food	fish	goat	oil	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The scholar who propounded the Humanistic psychological theory is _____	comtin Joseph	Isaac merton	Abraham maslow	Abraham lincoln	C	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The main instrument of experimentation study is based on _____	complex	sampling	random	control group	D	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The investigation on the survey research study is based on _____	edition	cohort	sampling	collection	C	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In research ,cohort study is a criminological _____	method	time	sytle	act	A	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Harm is one of the elements of _____	person	violent	fight	crime	D	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The scholars that define social problem as a deviation from social norms are _____	lombroso and bentham	fuller and wyers	comte and beccaria	lombroso and comte	B	eExam	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to Freud the psychoanalytic id is the _____	involuntary	voluntary	unconscious drive	conscious drive	C	eExam	

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The chromosomal deficiency of the xyy in criminological studies causes_____	aggressive	muscular	lean	quiet	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The exponent of the body type criminality is_____	bentham	beccaaria	lombroso	sheldon	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The exponent of the genetically inherited character in criminological study is_____	beccaria	comte	lombroso	bentham	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The theory that crime is as a result of genetic make up was propounded by_____	classical theory	biological theory	positivist theory	,medical theory	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who argued that man is a biological and cultural factors and not freewill_____	comte	Beccaria	Bentham	Haarg	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Theperspective that criticizes the theory of freewill in crime is_____	positivist	social	classical	neo-classical	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The classical theory prespective idea was initiated by_____	locke	merton	Beccaria	Hobbes	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The classical criminology is a product of_____	prison	reason	entertainment	politics	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The theory in which Humans weigh the potential pleasure against its potential pain in crime is_____	classical theory	behaviourist theory	human theory	social theory	A		eExam

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