

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

Choose Coursecode

Show entriesSearch:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> argued that all perfections can co-exist in a single entity?	Leibniz					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The philosopher Heraclitus taught that the world was in perpetual state of <input type="text"/>	Flux					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Man's thirst for God is rooted in his quest for <input type="text"/>	Immortality					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> group of philosophers deny the cosmological argument of God's existence	Empiricists					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The manner of conceiving or describing God in human image and likeness is called <input type="text"/>	Anthropomorphism					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Descartes conceived God as a supremely <input type="text"/> being	Perfect					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Classical philosophy derived from the <input type="text"/> of ancient Greek philosophy	Metaphysics					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The belief that we cannot know anything about God is known as <input type="text"/>	Agnosticism					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Karl Barth evil is defeated by the power of Christ on the <input type="text"/>	Cross					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The two Greek words that formed the word "theodicy" are theos and <input type="text"/>	Dike					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Calvinists see poverty as a sign of <input type="text"/>	God's rejection						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Any claim to measure good or bad by scientific experiment is <input type="text"/>							eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The doctrine that places man at the place of God is known as <input type="text"/>	Anthropodicy						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> defined religion as "the opium of the masses" or "the means by which man strips himself of his own essence?"	Karl Marx						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The atheism that states explicitly that God does not exist is known as <input type="text"/>	Strong atheism						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Theodicy means <input type="text"/>	God's righteousness						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The necessity of <input type="text"/> alone can explain the contingency of other beings	God						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In <input type="text"/> meditation did Descartes prove the existence of God	5th						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Philosophers argued that if God were a physical object he would be perceptible to <input type="text"/>	The senses						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Karl Barth considers evil as <input type="text"/>	Nothingness						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Ex nihilo means <input type="text"/>	Created out of nothing						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> among the protestant reformers preached the doctrine of predestination	John Calvin						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> gave an illustration on the limited role of science.	George Ellis						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A philosopher who used his knowledge of philosophy to defend the Christian faith is regarded as an <input type="text"/>	Apologist						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the philosopher that propounded the psychological theory of religion	Sigmund Freud						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> translated the Greek word atheotos into Latin atheos	Cicero						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> regarded industrial capitalism as a disenchanted religion	Marx Weber						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> defined God as the unmoved mover	Aquinas						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> conceived God as a being than which no greater can be conceived?	St. Anselm						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The early fathers of the Church were mainly members of <input type="text"/> School of philosophy	Neoplatonist						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Augustine considered the origin of religion to therestlessness of man's spirit for its <input type="text"/>	Source						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> theology calls on all peoples of the world to take their own destiny in their own hands	Liberation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	After his personal experience of God Aquinas described all his previous knowledge as <input type="text"/>	Mere straw						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> states that philosophy is the oldest academic discipline often referred to as "the mother of all science"?	Omoregbe						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The person who look at reality, observe, investigate and uncover the reality is called <input type="text"/>	A Philosopher						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The study or discourse about God is known as <input type="text"/>	Theism						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The experience of godlesness started at <input type="text"/> Century B.C.	5th						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The modern understanding of science views science as <input type="text"/>	Handmaiden of religion						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Whatever is moved is moved by <input type="text"/>	Another						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> teaches that God does not have anything to do with the imperfect world	Aristotle						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Every religion is the product of <input type="text"/>	Culture						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Augustine described evil as privation of <input type="text"/>	Good						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> originated the theory of dialectics which Marx applied to Matter and History	Hegel						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> described scientific progress as a series of alternating periods of normality	Thomas Kuhn						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The philosopher that coined the term "aesthetic as a name for branch of philosophy is <input type="text"/>	Baumgarten						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The replacement of religion with social life is advocated by <input type="text"/>	Feurbach						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> Islamic theologian discusses anthropomorphically the nature of Allah in his article titled "The attribute of God"?	Gafar Sheikh Idris						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The theory that God is the supreme legislator is considered purely <input type="text"/>	Arbitrary						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The branch of philosophy which originated from Egypt is <input type="text"/>	African philosophy						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> provided the best known criticism of the ontological argument about the existence of God	Immanuel Kant						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> taught that the world is unchanging	Permenides						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Jean Paul Satre, man's quest for immortality is due to his desire to become <input type="text"/>	God						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	St. Augustine's theodicy developed from <input type="text"/>	Plato	platonism					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> type of theology championed the cause of the poor and oppressed	Liberation theology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> led to the gradual separation of science and religion	The success of science						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The word philosophy emerged from <input type="text"/> number of Greek words?	Two						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The discipline that is a universal science is <input type="text"/>	Philosophy						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The conclusion that God exists from premises driven from some sources other than observation of the world or from reason alone is known as <input type="text"/>	Ontological argument					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> propounded the moral argument about God's existence	Immanuel Kant					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Greek philosophy is divided into <input type="text"/> parts	Two parts					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> argued that all perfections can co-exist in a single entity?	Leibniz					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The philosopher Heraclitus taught that the world was in perpetual state of <input type="text"/>	Flux					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Man's thirst for God is rooted in his quest for <input type="text"/>	Immortality					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> group of philosophers deny the cosmological argument of God's existence	Empiricists					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The manner of conceiving or describing God in human image and likeness is called <input type="text"/>	Anthropomorphism					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Descartes conceived God as a supremely <input type="text"/> being	Perfect					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Classical philosophy derived from the <input type="text"/> of ancient Greek philosophy	Metaphysics					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The belief that we cannot know anything about God is known as <input type="text"/>	Agnosticism					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Karl Barth evil is defeated by the power of Christ on the <input type="text"/>	Cross					

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The two Greek words that formed the word "theodicy" are theos and <input type="text"/>	Dike					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Calvinists see poverty as a sign of <input type="text"/>	God's rejection					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Any claim to measure good or bad by scientific experiment is <input type="text"/>						
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The doctrine that places man at the place of God is known as <input type="text"/>	Anthropodicy					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> defined religion as "the opium of the masses" or "the means by which man strips himself of his own essence?"	Karl Marx					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The atheism that states explicitly that God does not exist is known as <input type="text"/>	Strong atheism					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Theodicy means <input type="text"/>	God's righteousness					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The necessity of <input type="text"/> alone can explain the contingency of other beings	God					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In <input type="text"/> meditation did Descartes prove the existence of God	5th					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Philosophers argued that if God were a physical object he would be perceptible to <input type="text"/>	The senses					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Karl Barth considers evil as <input type="text"/>	Nothingness					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Ex nihilo means <input type="text"/>	Created out of nothing					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> among the protestant reformers preached the doctrine of predestination	John Calvin					

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> gave an illustration on the limited role of science.	George Ellis					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A philosopher who used his knowledge of philosophy to defend the Christian faith is regarded as an <input type="text"/>	Apologist					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the philosopher that propounded the psychological theory of religion	Sigmund Freud					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> translated the Greek word atheotos into Latin atheos	Cicero					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> regarded industrial capitalism as a disenchanted religion	Marx Weber					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> defined God as the unmoved mover	Aquinas					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> conceived God as a being than which no greater can be conceived?	St. Anselm					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The early fathers of the Church were mainly members of <input type="text"/> School of philosophy	Neoplatonist					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Augustine considered the origin of religion to therestlessness of man's spirit for its <input type="text"/>	Source					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> theology calls on all peoples of the world to take their own destiny in their own hands	Liberation					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	After his personal experience of God Aquinas described all his previous knowledge as <input type="text"/>	Mere straw					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> states that philosophy is the oldest academic discipline often refered to as "the mother of all science"?	Omoregbe					

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The person who look at reality, observe, investigate and uncover the reality is called <input type="text"/>	A Philosopher					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The study or discourse about God is known as <input type="text"/>	Theism					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The experience of godlesness started at <input type="text"/> Century B.C.	5th					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The modern understanding of science views science as <input type="text"/>	Handmaiden of religion					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Whatever is moved is moved by <input type="text"/>	Another					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> teaches that God does not have anything to do with the imperfect world	Aristotle					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Every religion is the product of <input type="text"/>	Culture					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Augustine described evil as privation of <input type="text"/>	Good					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> originated the theory of dialectics which Marx applied to Matter and History	Hegel					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> described scientific progress as a series of alternating periods of normality	Thomas Kuhn					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The philosopher that coined the term "aesthetic as a name for branch of philosophy is <input type="text"/>	Baumgarten					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The replacement of religion with social life is advocated by <input type="text"/>	Feurbach					

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> Islamic theologian discusses anthropomorphically the nature of Allah in his article titled "The attribute of God"?	Gafar Sheikh Idris					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The theory that God is the supreme legislator is considered purely <input type="text"/>	Arbitrary					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The branch of philosophy which originated from Egypt is <input type="text"/>	African philosophy					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> provided the best known criticism of the ontological argument about the existence of God	Immanuel Kant					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> taught that the world is unchanging	Permenides					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Jean Paul Satre, man's quest for immortality is due to his desire to become <input type="text"/>	God					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	St. Augustine's theodicy developed from <input type="text"/>	Plato	platonism				
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> type of theology championed the cause of the poor and oppressed	Liberation theology					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> led to the gradual separation of science and religion	The success of science					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The word philosophy emerged from <input type="text"/> number of Greek words?	Two					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The discipline that is a universal science is <input type="text"/>	Philosophy					

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The conclusion that God exists from premises driven from some sources other than observation of the world or from reason alone is known as <input type="text"/>	Ontological argument					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> propounded the moral argument about God's existence	Immanuel Kant					
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Greek philosophy is divided into <input type="text"/> parts	Two parts					
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following theologians held that something can only be destroyed or perished by its inherence internal evil?	Thales	Anaxgoras	Aristotle	Plato	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What religious doctrine sparked the industrial revolution in Western Europe?	Calvinism	Fundamentalism	Platonism	Nominalism	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the propounder of sociological theory of religion	Karl Marx	Campbell, C.A.	Emile Durkheim	Boquet, A.C.	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who proposed a claim that turned Hegal upside down in his theses on anthropocentric arguments?	Ludwig Feuerbach	Nietzsche	Satre	Karl marx	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The problem of evil is also known as _____	The plague	The problem of existence	The problem of theodicy	The problem of impossibility	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The creation account which held that God merely spoke and the creation came to be is known as _____	Naturalistic account	Biblical account	Scientific account	Empirical account	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who proposed the argument for the new quest of Historical Jesus as a direct reaction against the programme of a theologian?	Bultmann's	Thomas Aquinas	Karl Rahner	St. Augustine of Hippo	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the philosopher that systematically transformed theology into anthropodicy and religion into cultural philosophy?	Mikehail Baku	Fries rich Engel,	Karl marx	Ludwig Feuerbach	D	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What theologian contributed to the development of Christian theology to its present state?	St. Augustine	St. Jerome	St. Polycarp	Karl Rahner	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A newspaper meant for the elderly, should use _____ font size	Immanuel Kant	Rene Descartes	David Hume	St. Anslem	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who in his book, "The elementary forms of religions" gave a sociological interpretation of religion as a creation of the society?	Karl Mark	Salmon Rein	Emile Durkhein	Bouquet, A.C	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Whose conception of man implies a denial of any entity known as Soul?	David Hume	Emmanuel Kant	Plato	Aristotle	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When exactly the study of philosophy begins as a discipline?	4th century BC__ 6th century A.D	7th century BC__ 9th century A.D	5th century BC__ 4th century A.D	8th century BC__ 6th century A.D	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the followings help to shape the philosophical and intellectual climates of the 8th century?	Ideology	Religiosity	Experimentation	Enlightenment	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ philosophized that God is dead?	Karl Marx	Friedrich Nietzsche	Ludwig Feuerbach	Satre	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following philosophers proposed the problem of evil in the form of a dilemma?	Heracletes	Zeno of Elea	Stoics	Epicurus	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following theologians affirms the continuity between historical Jesus his appropriation of existence and the Church's Kerygma?	Van Harvey	Robinson	Ogden's	Bultmann's	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the philosopher that defines religion as a "rational inquiry into the nature and meaning of religion?"	Ikenga-Metuh	Oshitelu	Fredrich Ferre	Omoregbe	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The manner of conceiving or describing God in human image and likeness is called_____	Anthropomorphism	Metamorphosis	Existentialism	Epicureanism	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When was Socrates accused of being an atheist?	399 BC	416 BC	1571 BC	1834 BC	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following theologians held that evil is nothingness, something that has been vanquisher or destroyed by God?	Leibciz	Karl Rahner	Karl Marx	Karl Barth	D	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the followings is not a twentieth century theologian that dominated the theological scene in continental Europe and the rest of the western world?	Paul Tillich	Brunner	Niebur brothers	Descartes	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Plato was born in a city known as _____	Greece	Stagira	Athens	Rome	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What branch of philosophy is concern primarily with the norms of standard of genuine religion?	Aesthetics	Ethics	Ontology	Philosophy of religion	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The greatest shock slammed on the Church by Charles Darwin was the discovering of the theory of _____	Scientific theory	Evolutionary theory	Epistemological theory	Humanistic theory	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the founder of Neo-Platonic school of philosophy	Albert Camus	Plotinus	St. Augustine	Thomas Aquinas	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What discipline of study can not tell you what is morally valuable?	Aesthetics	Science	Metaphysics	Logic	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Greek philosophers such as Plato, Socrates and Aristotle's emerged during a period of _____	Pre-Socrates period	Socrates period	Platonic period	Neo-platonic period	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What branch of philosophy deals with the thought system of Africans, both ancient and contemporary?	Greek philosophy	Ancient philosophy	African philosophy	Western philosophy	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Atheism is derives from the Greek word "atheos" meaning _____	Godless	Preventive	Confusion	Disobedience	A	eExam

Showing 1 to 150 of 240 entries

Previous [1](#) [2](#) Next