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Question Type 👢	Question J↑	A J1	B	c 11	D 11	Answer 🎵	Remark 11
FBQ	may also be defined as the gradual removal of rock or soil particles from its initial deposit by the means of wind, waves, water, glaciers, soil slope or by human activities.	Solatation	salt				eExam
FBQ	Over % of Nigeria's original forest were lost due to unplanned land use.	0.9	0.5				еЕхат
FBQ	Between 1975 and Nigeria's vegetation witnessed sharp loss.	1992	1				eExam
FBQ	_and embankment can reduce the possibility of water overflowing into nearby floodplains. It could be permanent or temporary such as sandbags placed when a flood is imminent.	embankment	surface				eExam
FBQ	is a method in which a part of a stream, river is depened, widened or straightened to allow more rapid runoff.	Channelization	fence				eExam
FBQ	may be defined as a body of water, which moves over and above an area of land, which is not normally submerged.	Flood	water				eExam

FBQ	region is known for heavy rain fall that encourages leaching and erosion.	Southern Belt of Forest Soils	vegetation		eExam
FBQ	The mean annual rainfall of Sahel savanna was reported to be mm and long dry seasons between seven to eight months.	200mm	400mm		eExam
FBQ	can be located in the far northeast of Nigeria occupying part of Yola and Maiduguri.	Sahel savanna	sahara		eExam
FBQ	Sudan Savanna's mean annual rainfall is between 510 and _mm	1140mm	5000mm		eExam
FBQ	is the Northern most part of the savanna belt in Nigeria, aside the Sahel in the far northeast.	Sudan savanna	guinea		eExam
FBQ	is the largest vegetation cover in Nigeria extending over about 50% of the total landmass.	Guinea Savanna	cover		eExam
FBQ	Climate change is real in Nigerian environment	1	lower		eExam
FBQ	Forest occupies about% of Nigeria	0.2	0.1		eExam
FBQ	The savanna zone occupies about % of the land surface of Nigeria.	0.8	0.2		eExam
FBQ	In Nigeria the average animal sunshine hours has been reported to be in the south	1300	1000		еЕхат

FBQ	A very small fraction of about % is captured by green plants, bacteria, andstimulates the process of photosynthesis.	0.023	0.012		eExam
FBQ	About % of the solar energy reaching the troposphere is reflected back into space by clouds, chemicals,dust and the earth's land and water surface.	0.28	0.02		eExam
FBQ	% of the solar constant pass through the atmosphere and arrive at the earth's surface.	0.6	0.3		eExam
FBQ	Temperature on the surface of the sun has been estimated to be over	2000°C	2100°C		eExam
FBQ	The sun being the source of solar radiation has been described by some scientists as a gigantic fireball of % helium.	0.3	0.1		eExam
FBQ	The sun being the source of solar radiation has been described by some scientists as a gigantic fireball of _% hydrogen.	0.72	0.11		eExam
FBQ	Solar radiation is most often measured indirectly by using	Sun shine recorders	hygrometer		еЕхат
FBQ	Less than % of the solar constant pass through the atmosphere and arrive at	0.5	0.6		eExam

FBQ	The amount of solar energy, that gets to the outer atmosphere of the earth is called the	solar constant	dew		eExam
FBQ	may be described as the amount of solar radiation falling upon an environment per unit area	Insolation	climate		eExam
FBQ	The year that Okonkwo took eight hundred seed yams from was the worst year in living memory.	Nwakibie	Benue		еЕхат
FBQ	is defined as the physical characteristics of the troposphere of an area based on analysis of its weather over at least 30 years.	Climate	rainfall		eExam
FBQ	We don't find desert encroachment in	Delta State	Benue state		eExam
FBQ	We don't find rain forest for instance in	Kano	lagos		eExam
FBQ	The vegetation belt in Nigeria are determined by factors.	climatic	frost		eExam
FBQ	Climate determines the way the of an ecosystem will look.	Topography	geography		еЕхат
FBQ	Pleistocyne and are two types of Quaternary	Holocyne	climate		eExam
FBQ	Quaternary began around million years ago	2 million	one million		eExam
FBQ	is a period which is referred to as the present geological period that followed the tertiary period	Quaternary	Exosphere		еЕхат

FBQ	The Continental shelf streaches km offshore Calabar in the east.	75km	Osmosis		eExam
FBQ	Continental shelf measures about _km off cape Formoso at the nose of the Niger Delta	64km	FIVE		eExam
FBQ	Continental shelf is small in size averaging 20-25km in width in	Lagos	DELTA		eExam
FBQ	stretches (around Imo to Calabar) specifically from Imo River to Calabar River estuary at the Nigeria/Cameroun borders.	Strand coast	river		eExam
FBQ	About million sq km of land have become desertified in the past 50 years.	8.1 million	5.1 million		eExam
FBQ	% of the total volume of ocean water is fresh water	0.03	0.09		eExam
FBQ	_% of the total volume of ocean water is salty water	one	fourty kilometers		eExam
FBQ	Over million square kilometers of the earth surface are made up of water.	360	380		eExam
FBQ	Over% of the earth surface are made up of water	0.7	0.4		eExam
FBQ	The is another sphere in the natural environment comprising of the waters of the earth.	Hydrosphere	vegetation		eExam

FBQ	The name ionosphere was derived from and sphere.	lons	region		еЕхат
FBQ	The second region is electrically charged with ions called	Ionosphere	Stratosphere		eExam
FBQ	The neutral region, extends to km above the earth's surface	60km	fourty kilometers		eExam
FBQ	forms the highest layer of the atmosphere and extends beyond the atmosphere. Here, the air density is very low, that the idea of temperature loses its customary meaning.	Exosphere	vegetation		eExam
FBQ	is the layer that extends up to 65km above the earth and is characterized by a rapid rise in temperature with increasing altitude.	Mesophere	star		eExam
FBQ	_is the layer that extends up to about 40km above the earth. It has increasing temperature with increasing altitude and also characterized by jet streams that move mostly in a horizontal motion.	Stratosphere	Ionosphere		eExam
FBQ	_is the first layer, which extends from above the earth's surface up to l0kms. It is characterized by a fall in temperature as altitude increases.	Troposphere	Exosphere		еЕхат
FBQ	Based on temperature, the atmosphere has about distinguish layers	four	five		еЕхат

FBQ	The color of the Earth from outer space is and not red like mars	blue	grey				eExam
FBQ	environment may be described as a condition where there has been a significant human alteration of the environment.	Modified	temperature				eExam
FBQ	dictionary of Environmental Sciences defines the Environment as the combination of external condition that influence the life of individual organism.	Collins	Farm				eExam
FBQ	The living parameter can also be referred to as	Biotic	Osmosis				eExam
FBQ	The non-living parameter can also be referred to as	Abiotic	Living Things				eExam
FBQ	_is the result of interaction between nonliving and living parameters	Environment	Animals				eExam
FBQ	defined the environment as the sum total of the condition within which organisms live	Barrow	TRUE				eExam
MCQ	The paucity of sand on beach and environs is attributed to sediment loss to Avon and Mahin sub-marine canons off the delta toe.	Melin	Berlin	Mahin	Jahirn	С	eExam
MCQ	It was mentioned that the mud beach extends forkm and terminates at the Benin river mouth on the northwest Flank of the Niger Delta	65km	75km	45km	35km	В	eExam
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MCQ	stated that the barrier lagoon complex grades eastward into a mud beach in the vicinity of Lekki Lagoon	Ajao et al (1996)	Thomas, (1999)	Barrow (1993)	Thorpe (1996)	A	(CLXAIII)
MCQ	The Sokoto plain is in the far of Nigeria and is made of sedimentary rocks.	South-East	North-West	South-South	North-East	В	eExam
MCQ	The high plains ofis the largest size topographical feature in the Nigerian Environment.	Yorubaland	Iboland	Hausaland	Ibibioland	С	еЕхат
MCQ	plateau has Tertiary to Recent volcanism which formed a distinct region of basaltic lava flows, volcanoes and vents at various stages of erosion.	Jos Plateau	lgalla-Udi	Benin	Biu Plateau	D	eExam
MCQ	is situated on the South-East end of the High plains of Hausaland	Igalla-Udi	Biu Plateau	Jos Plateau	Benin	С	eExam
MCQ	The saline swamps of the Niger delta occupies hectares.	650000	750000	850000	750000	В	eExam
MCQ	The total brackish area is aboutkm2	12,990km2	13,990km2	14,990km2	15,990km2	А	eExam
MCQ	Nigeria has the largest area of mangrove forest in Africa with an estimate ofkm2.	8600km2	9700km2	9700km2	9700km2	В	eExam
MCQ	The Niger Delta coast extends from the mouth of theriver, to the mouth of the Imo River in the east	Benin	Kano	Kwara	Abia	A	eExam
MCQ	The is underlain by young sedimentary rocks with most of them possessing plain tops and a largelayer of indurate ironstone.	Plain Land	Plateau	Mountain	Hill	В	еЕхат
MCQ	The plateau is another area where inselbergs can be found.	Oshodi	Ore	Igalla-Udi	Sagamu	С	eExam

MCQ	are prominent residual rock-mass which are often remnants of erosion can be found around old hard rocks.	Hinselbags	Inselbags	Hinselbergs	Inselbergs	D	eExam
MCQ	Nigeria is located in the of Africa	South Coast	East Coast	West Coast	North Coast	С	eExam
MCQ	Nigeria occupies a landmass of sq. kms.	912075.64	913072.64	913720.64	914702.46	В	eExam
MCQ	In the biosphere almost all energy is from the	Sun	Moon	Stars	Cloud	A	eExam
MCQ	A unit where the relationship of living organisms is studied is referred to as	Protosystem	Ecosystem	Monosystem	Platosystem	В	eExam
MCQ	Only% of the earth's total volume of water is easily assessable to us.	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.006	А	eExam
MCQ	% of the fresh water are locked up in ice caps or glaciers or buried so deep that it costs so much to extract .	3.997	2.997	1.997	4.997	В	еЕхат
MCQ	Temperature on the surface of the sun has been estimated to be over	2000°C	4000°C	6000°C	8000°C	С	eExam
MCQ	The sun being the source of solar radiation has been described by some scientists as a gigantic fireball of% helium.	0.64	0.72	0.36	0.28	D	еЕхат
MCQ	The sun being the source of solar radiation has been described by some scientists as a gigantic fireball of% hydrogen.	0.36	0.64	0.72	0.28	С	еЕхат
MCQ	Solar radiation is most often measured indirectly by using	Thermometers	Sunshine recorders	Rainguage	Hydrometer	В	eExam
MCQ	Less than% of the solar constant pass through the atmosphere and arrive at the earth's surface.	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	A	eExam

MCQ	The amount of solar energy, that gets to the outer atmosphere of the earth is called the	Lunar constant	Solar constant	Polar constant	Tidal constant	В	eExam
MCQ	may be described as the amount of solar radiation falling upon an environment per unit area	Consolation	Solatation	Insolation	Emulsion	С	eExam
MCQ	The year that Okonkwo took eight hundred seed yams from was the worst year in living memory.	Ekweme	Okon	Okechukwu	Nwakibie	D	eExam
MCQ	is defined as the physical characteristics of the troposphere of an area based on analysis of its weather over at least 30 years.	Humidity	Sunshine	Climate	Rainfall	С	еЕхат
MCQ	We don't find desert encroachment in	Kaduna	Delta State.	Sokoto	Kano	В	eExam
MCQ	We don't find rain forest for instance in	Kano	Lagos	Delta State.	Enugu	А	eExam
MCQ	The vegetation belt in Nigeria are determined by factors.	Rainfall	Climatic	Humidity	Sunshine	В	eExam
MCQ	Climate determines the way the of an ecosystem will look.	Clography	Choreography	Topography	Geography	С	eExam
MCQ	are two types of Quaternary	Hollocene and Pleistoccene	Holoccene and Pleisttocene	Holocyne and Pleistocyne	Holocene and Pleistocene	D	eExam
MCQ	Quaternary began around million years ago	8 million	6 million	2 million	4 million	С	eExam
MCQ	is a period which is referred to as the present geological period that followed the tertiary period	Trinary	Quaternary	Florinary	Stationary	В	eExam
MCQ	The Continental shelf streacheskm offshore Calabar in the east.	75km	35km	45km	65km	A	eExam
MCQ	Continental shelf measures aboutkm off cape Formoso at the nose of the Niger Delta	67km	64km	63km	68km	В	eExam

MCQ	Continental shelf is small in size averaging 20-25km in width in	Benin	Kano	Lagos	Kwara	С	eExam
MCQ	stretches (around Imo to Calabar) specifically from Imo River to Calabar River estuary at the Nigeria/Cameroun borders.	Sand coast	Brand coast	Grand coast	Strand coast	D	еЕхат
MCQ	About million sq km of land have become desertified in the past 50 years.	8.1 million	1.8	2.8	8.8	A	eExam
MCQ	may also be defined as the gradual removal of rock or soil particles from its initial deposit by the means of wind, waves, water, glaciers, soil slope or by human activities.	Solatation	Erosion	Flood	Insolation	В	øExam
MCQ	Over% of Nigeria's original forest were lost due to unplanned land use.	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.4	С	eExam
MCQ	Between 1975 and, Nigeria's vegetation witnessed sharp loss.	1991	1984	1964	1992	D	eExam
MCQ	and embankment can reduce the possibility of water overflowing into nearby floodplains. It could be permanent or temporary such as sandbags placed when a flood is imminent.	Natural	Valley	Artificial levels	embankment	D	eExam
MCQ	is a method in which a part of a stream, river is depende, widened or straightened to allow more rapid runoff.	funnelisation	Channelization	cannalisation	drainage	В	еЕхат
MCQ	may be defined as a body of water, which moves over and above an area of land, which is not normally submerged.	Flood	Solatation	Insolation	Erosion	A	eExam
MCQ	region is known for heavy rain fall that encourages leaching and erosion.	Guinea Savanna	Southern Belt of Forest Soils	Sahel savanna	Guinea Savanna	В	eExam

MCQ	The mean annual rainfall of Sahel savanna was reported to bemm and long dry seasons between seven to eight months.	200mm	400mm	500mm	600mm	С	еЕхат
MCQ	can be located in the far northeast of Nigeria occupying part of Yola and Maiduguri.	Guinea Savanna	Forest	Guinea Savanna	Sahel savanna	D	eExam
MCQ	Sudan Savanna's mean annual rainfall is betweenmm	520 - 1,150mm	530 - 1,160mm	510 - 1,140mm	540 - 1,170mm	С	eExam
MCQ	is the Northern most part of the savanna belt in Nigeria, aside the Sahel in the far northeast.	Sahel savanna	Sudan Savanna	Forest	Guinea Savanna	В	eExam
MCQ	is the largest vegetation cover in Nigeria extending over about 50% of the total landmass.	Guinea Savanna	Sahel savanna	Sudan Savanna	Forest	А	eExam
MCQ	Derive Savanna covers an area of about sq.km about 8% of the country	75,507 sq.km	75,707 sq.km	75,607 sq.km	75,807 sq.km	В	eExam
MCQ	Forest occupies about% of Nigeria	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.4	С	eExam
MCQ	The savanna zone occupies about% of the land surface of Nigeria.	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.8	D	eExam
MCQ	In Nigeria the average animal sunshine hours has been reported to be in the south	1600	1500	1300	1400	С	eExam
MCQ	A very small fraction of about% is captured by green plants, bacteria, andstimulates the process of photosynthesis.	0.123	0.023	0.223	0.323	В	eExam
MCQ	About% of the solar energy reaching the troposphere is reflected back into space by clouds, chemicals, dust and the earth's land and water surface.	0.28	0.64	0.36	0.72	A	eExam