Question QFB1 : The characteristics of community include share territory, share belief, \_\_\_\_\_ and common administration  
Answer: Common Culture  
  
Question QFB2 : The primary purpose of communication is to affect a \_\_\_\_\_ By influencing actions  
Answer: Goals  
  
Question QFB3 : Community as a social science has \_\_\_\_\_ principal approaches  
Answer: 4  
  
Question QFB4 : \_\_\_\_\_ Is a process, transfer or flow of ideas, channel of transfer, sender and receiver and feedback  
Answer: Communication  
  
Question QFB5 : Participation is a developmental strategy that assist people to partake in the planning implementation and \_\_\_\_\_community projects that improves the lives of such communities  
Answer: Evaluation  
  
Question QFB6 : An unfair distribution of work or benefit amongst member of the community is a \_\_\_\_\_ Community participation  
Answer: Disadvantage  
  
Question QFB7 : \_\_\_\_\_ Is an act of working with people to determine, interpret and achieve organizational objectives by performing the function of planning, organizing, staffing lead and control  
Answer: Management  
  
Question QFB8 : The components of community participation include needs assessment, planning, training, implementing, monitoring and evaluation and\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Mobilizing  
  
Question QFB9 : Rights, structure, Legitimacy and capacity are elements of \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Participation  
  
Question QFB10 : Strengthen the capacity of environmental institution at local \_\_\_\_\_ and regional levels are a strategic goal of environmental management  
Answer: National  
  
Question QFB11 : Whatever their origin spaces for participation are not \_\_\_\_\_ but power relations shape them  
Answer: Natural  
  
Question QFB12 : Planning and compliance is one of the key principles for management of the \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Local Environment  
  
Question QFB13 : Golbath (1961) gave \_\_\_\_\_ reasons why participation could jeopardize development  
Answer: 7  
  
Question QFB14 : There are \_\_\_\_\_ key principles for the management of the local environment  
Answer: 5  
  
Question QFB15 : Development that meets the need of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own is called \_\_\_\_\_ ……  
Answer: Sustainable Development  
  
Question QFB16 : \_\_\_\_\_ is an important aspect of sustainability  
Answer: Social Capital  
  
Question QFB17 : \_\_\_\_\_ refers to all aspects of a system that can be measured and audited  
Answer: Environmental Audit  
  
Question QFB18 : There are \_\_\_\_\_ Types of sustainability  
Answer: 4  
  
Question QFB19 : \_\_\_\_\_ is one where an executive, decision makes decisions  
Answer: Top-Bottom  
  
Question QFB20 : \_\_\_\_\_ approach allows for more experimentation and a better feeling for what is needed at the grass roots  
Answer: Bottom-Top  
  
Question QFB21 : Techniques of RRA includes use of \_\_\_\_\_ Interview and question design, sampling, focus group discussion and direct observation  
Answer: Secondary Data  
  
Question QFB22 : There are \_\_\_\_\_ principle that illustrate the importance of community participation  
Answer: 5  
  
Question QFB23 : Community participation motivate people to work \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Together  
  
Question QFB24 : \_\_\_\_\_ Is the involvement of people in a community in program to solve 'their' own problems  
Answer: Community Participation  
  
Question QFB25 : Measurement and improvement, performance and accountability, enabling system, planning and compliance and \_\_\_\_\_ commitment are the principle for local environmental management  
Answer: Local Government  
  
Question QFB26 : Commitment from the \_\_\_\_\_ to improve environment performance and established policies is very important  
Answer: Local Government  
  
Question QFB27 : \_\_\_\_\_ justifies the need for environmental Management  
Answer: Environmental Degradation  
  
Question QFB28 : Human, economic, social and \_\_\_\_\_ are the types of sustainability  
Answer: Environmental  
  
Question QFB29 : Financial, management, training, \_\_\_\_\_ participation and ownership are common factors that influence sustainability development  
Answer: Government Policies  
  
Question QFB30 : \_\_\_\_\_ Is define as a system comprising earth's living things  
Answer: Environment  
  
Question QFB31 : Ecological, not social factors are the most measurable and universal indicators of \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Sustainability  
  
Question QFB32 : Sustainability relates to the continuity of economic, social institutional and \_\_\_\_\_ aspect of human society  
Answer: Environmental  
  
Question QFB33 : Those involved in the participation exercise may not be truly \_\_\_\_\_  
Answer: Representative  
  
Question QFB34 : One of the rational for participation is that it has both political and \_\_\_\_\_ advantage  
Answer: Economical  
  
Question QFB35 : Formal and \_\_\_\_\_ Are basic form of participation  
Answer: Informal  
  
Question QMC1 : The problem of \_\_\_\_\_ participation include illiteracy, tradition, poverty and politics  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC2 : Environmental institutions provide \_\_\_\_\_ research and expertise  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC3 : NGOs /CBOs differs in vision \_\_\_\_\_ and approach to development work  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC4 : The role of science and technology in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ management is advancing the global earth observation systems  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC5 : Geographers use \_\_\_\_\_\_ to monitor or measure phenomena found in the earth's lithosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC6 : GIS has allowed for the development of software application for the storage, analysis and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of geographic data  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC7 :  The two-basic data normally entered a GIS are spatial data and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC8 : GIS stand for \_\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC9 : GIS consist of three components, these are input storage and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC10 :  The simplest form of remote sensing uses \_\_\_\_\_\_ To record information from visible or near infrared wavelengths   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC11 :  \_\_\_\_\_\_ Is the collection of data about an object from a distance  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC12 :  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Actively engaged in community development work   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC13 :  Civil societies benefit from increased \_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC14 : Some of the institutions and organizations that are around in environmental management include civil societies, NGOs, Professional network and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC15 :  Enlightment campaign and community empowerment are some of the solutions to problems of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ participation in environmental management.  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC16 :  Without RRA a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ may find himself surveying the wrong area, wrong type of affirmation and wrong people.  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC17 :  The acronym of RRA means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC18 : Egun Yomi (2000) stated that communication should serve several other functions such as transformation, motivation and \_\_\_\_\_\_ that will enhance positive behaviour  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC19 : Process of communication in community participation include nature of the message and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC20 :  The acronym of PRA is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC21 :  Techniques of RRA includes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Interview and question design, sampling, focus group discussion and direct observation  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC22 : There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ principle that illustrate the importance of community participation  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC23 : Environmental institutions provide \_\_\_\_\_ research and expertise  
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Question QMC24 :  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Is the involvement of people in a community in program to solve 'their' own problems  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC25 :  Measurement and improvement, performance and accountability, enabling system, planning and compliance and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are the principle for local environmental management  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC26 :  Commitment from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to improve environment performance and established policies is very important  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC27 : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is justified for environmental management   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC28 : Human, economic, social and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are the types of sustainability   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC29 :  Financial, management, training, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ participation and ownership are common factors that influence sustainability development  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC30 :  A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ approaches is one that works from the grassroots  
Answer:  
  
Question QMC31 : Ecological, not social factors are the most measurable and universal indicators of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   
Answer:  
  
Question QMC32 :  Sustainability relates to the continuity of economic, social institutional and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ aspect of human society  
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Question QMC35 : Formal and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Are basic form of participation  
Answer: