

eExam Question Bank

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type ↓	Question ↑	A ↑	B ↑	C ↑	D ↑	Answer ↑	Remark ↑
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Britain recently expelled four Russian diplomats in what year <input type="text"/>	2007					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The idea of European unity is not a new one and can be traced to <input type="text"/>	Napoleonic era					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In contemporary international relations, Russia must open up its <input type="text"/>	political space					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Russia's economy has been strengthened by the rise in price of <input type="text"/>	oil and gas					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Today, more than ever before, it may be argued that Russia does not engage in wars of <input type="text"/>	proxy					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The EU-Russia energy dialogue was cancelled in what year <input type="text"/>	2000					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is Russia's main export to the European Union <input type="text"/>	Gas					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Angela Merkel gained credibility in Europe because, among other reasons, of her criticism of whose foreign policy <input type="text"/>	Putin					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The relations between Russia and the West in the contemporary international system are characterized by both <input type="text"/>	Cooperation and Confrontation					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The main goals of Baltic States for integrating into Western institutions such as the European Union and NATO was to diminish the influence of <input type="text"/>	Russia					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The United Nations was founded by <input type="text"/> number of states	51						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The United Nations was founded in the year <input type="text"/>	1945						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Religious groups are among the large NGOs. The <input type="text"/> _Church holds a special position in the European international system as an NGO	Catholic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The undesirability of <input type="text"/> _has necessitated Diplomacy	war						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The modern acceleration of globalization is the products of two factors: <input type="text"/> change and <input type="text"/> policy	Science, technology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In the outpouring of criticism of globalization <input type="text"/> _points out that 9/11/2001 attack on the World Trade Centre illustrates the dark side of globalization and interdependence	John World Lewis Gardelis						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Field Marshal <input type="text"/> _of Uganda was notorious about issues of human rights violations	Idi Amin						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	For the domestic economic problems of Nigeria in 1986, the International Monetary Fund prescribed <input type="text"/> _as a remedy	General Sani Abacha						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	For the domestic economic problems of Nigeria in 1986, the International Monetary Fund prescribed <input type="text"/> _as a remedy	SAP						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _was the regime toppled in South Africa before democracy was installed	Apartheid						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _has defined power as "man's control over the minds and actions of other men"	Hans Morgenthau						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is the second country with the largest population in the world	India						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is the country with the largest population in the world	China						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The main reason cited for the integration of Germany into the European Union was <input type="text"/> _and political	military						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Throughout history, Afghanistan rugged mountains had bedeviled invaders, including the United States. Since 2001, the US and other NATO troops have been trying to eliminate <input type="text"/> _and the Taliban	Al-Qaeda	Taliban					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The ALPs form a barrier that has helped protect <input type="text"/> from larger European neighbours	Switzerland						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is located between China and Japan	Korea						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is sandwiched between Germany and Russia	Poland						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Westphalia Treaty was signed in the year <input type="text"/>	1648						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> _approach viewed human nature as essentially 'good' and capable of mutual aid and collaboration	idealist						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Mainland China joined the United Nations in the year <input type="text"/>	1971						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	When we define international relations as "relations between powerful groups", what comes to our mind is the concept of <input type="text"/>	Power						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In the <input type="text"/> _system, the sub-systems are more closely knit and coherent	biological						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Treaty of <input type="text"/> _is regarded as time when the state system began to take on its modern form?	Westphalia						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Power politics and the virtual inevitability of war are features of the _____ _School of international politics	realistic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The following are the categories of national interest: _____ interests and _____ _interests	Core,secondary						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	_____ is the much needed antidote to political short sightedness and partisanship	National policy						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	_____ said that "The National Interest does not consist in abstractions"	George F. Kennan						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to a volume published by the Brooklings institution that makes a helpful distinction among national interest, objective, policies and comments: _____ are specific undertakings in support of policy"	Commitment						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to a volume published by the Brooklings institution that makes a helpful distinction among national interest, objective, policies and comments: _____ are ways of obtaining objectives	Policies						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Africa alone accounts for about _____ of membership of the United Nations	1/3						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to a volume published by the Brooklings institution that makes a helpful distinction among national interest, objective, policies and comments: _____ are what a nation feels to be necessary to its security	Interests	Objective					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	_____ are the group of people who carry out rather than make foreign policy decision	Diplomats						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	_____ is the full meaning of MNCs	Multinational Corporations						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The League of nations was primarily instituted to contain _____	War						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is the full meaning of NATO	North Atlantic Treaty Organisation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _are another type of transnational actors	NGOs						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is the full meaning of OPEC	Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _City States first established permanent diplomatic mission, career diplomats and complete privileges	Italian						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Roman notion that the spiritual and secular power are the same was nearly revived but for the spread of <input type="text"/>	Islam						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The major communications outfit that has turned the world into a global village is <input type="text"/>	CNN						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Since 1971, China has occupied not only China seat at the United Nation General Assembly but also that in the <input type="text"/>	Security Council						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is another name of Taiwan	Formosa						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Treaty of Westphalia was signed in the year <input type="text"/>	1648						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	China isolated itself from the rest of the world for nearly <input type="text"/> _decades	Four						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A biological system is <input type="text"/> while the international system is artificial	natural						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _argues that the major concern of states is the acquisition of power	Hans Morgenthau						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _also defines international relations as "relations between powerful groups	Quincy Wrights						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _argues that international relations "included relations between many entities of uncertain sovereignty"	Quincy Wrights						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Some scholars see power as the key to <input type="text"/>	International politics						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How was the relationship between West and East Germany during the Cold War?	very cordial	very cold	very strained	very rosy	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ludwig Erhard became German Chancellor in?	1963	1966	1964	1968	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Can the German miracle be attributed to the Marshal Aid Plan?	Yes	No	partially	to a large extent	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ludwig Erhard was appointed Bavarian minister of finance in 1945 because of his	anti-Nazi views	university teaching skills	membership of Social Democratic Party	loyalty to Hitler	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	'Soziale Marktwirtschaft' means _____	Social free zone	Social free movement	Social free market	Social free chaft	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In 1936, price control was imposed on Germans by?	Hermann Goering	Adolf Hitler	Winston Churchill	Roosevelt	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The two key factors that led to the German economic miracle after the wars were?	Currency reforms and Elimination of price control	Tariff removal and Trade liberalisation	) Market reforms and Trade liberalisation	Subsidy Removal and Price control	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What percentage of housing in Germany was destroyed by Hitler's scorched-earth policy after World War II?	23 percent	30 percent	20 percent	10 percent	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The defining feature of the period between World War I and World War II were?	Economic crisis and Militarism	Political and social upheavals	Conflicts and wars	Fascism and Democracy	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the years between World War I and World War II, the German masses blamed their political and economic problems on the	Army	Hitler	Monarchy	Politicians	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Both World Wars began and ended in?	Munich	London	Frankfurt	Berlin	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A unified Germany today can be likened to?	Post Cold War	Post World War I	Post Westphalia	Post World War II	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Treaty equally signaled the decline of the supremacy of the papacy and emphasised the principle of	Non-alignment	Coalition	Sovereign statehood	Forgiveness among states	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The concert system in Europe started in the year	1815	1825	1812	1810	A		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Why do the Africa entities in the contemporary international system fight against it	They see it as disadvantages to them	They are rebellious entities	They blame the system for thier problems	They blame the Europeans	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In Ethiopia attention was drawn to_____	Flood victims	Drought victims	Hostages	Rebels	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the medieval period, religious wars were filled with	Preaching	Church activities	Savagery	Dogmatism	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What kind of people did the Italian city state use for thier wars	Blacks	Indians	Mercenaries	Italian army	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	When their diplomacy failed, in their relationship with others they resorted to	Threat	Bribe	Assasination and wars	wars	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who were the first to establish full diplomatic missions in other countries	French	Italian city states	Greece	Britain	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The medieval period was also referred to in Europe as	Age	The Renaissance	The Dark Ages	The balck ages	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	During the Cold War period, the situation of the internationsl system could be said to be	Highly volatile	Highly assured safety	Very peaceful	Very normal	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	To emphasise that states in the contemporary international system are equal, the rule in the United Nation general assembly is_____</	One man , one vote	One state, one vote	Small state, one vote	Big state, double vote	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Africa alone accounts for about _____of membership of the United Nations	1/3	¼	03/02/2012 00:00:00	2/4	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who are the most important actors in the international system	International organisations	Ministers	States	Non-state actors	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The United Nations Organisation was established in the year	1940	1945	1960	1964	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Treaty of Versatiles in the modern international system encouraged	Dependency	Self determination	Isolationism	Globalisation	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of the following is regarded as a powerful non-state actor	NDDC	MEND	ONPADEC	OPEC	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Non-state actors are also known as_____	Cross border actors	Nollywood actors	Trans-national actors	Government actors	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who are the most important actors in the international system	International organisations	Ministers	States	Non-state actors	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Treaty of west phalia signaled the decline of medieval rules and enshrined	Traditional rule	International law	Political laws	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who were the proponents of the two dominant political ideologies in the world system soon after World War II	America and Britain	Germany and France	United States and USSR	Belgium and Franch	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The power shift was so much so that Arab countries had the courage to use _____ against Western Europe	Bombers	Desert blockade	Oil embargo	Air raids	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Globalisation and revolution in communication has led to the issues of _____ in Rwanda and Burundi	Zenophobia	Apatheid	Genocide	Racism	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In Sierra Leone and Liberia CNN drew attention to _____	Child soldiers	Racism	Apatheid	Drought	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There was a power shift after the completion of the international system from the Western Europeans to _____	America, Japan and Soviet Union	India, Japan and China	Japan, China and Russia	Saudi Arabia, Isreal and Iraq	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Treaty of west phalia signaled the decline of medieval rules and enshrined _____	Traditional rule	International law	Political laws	None of the options	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	As a result of this rift, China could not join the United Nation until the year _____	1970	1971	1975	1980	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Before China was able to join the United Nations _____ occupied the seat supported by the U.S. and her allies	Thailand	Mexico	Taiwan	Hong Kong	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	This Chinese revolution led to a serious rift between China and _____	Britain	America	Russia	France	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The independence of states in former European colonies of _____ and _____ completed the circle of integration into the international system	Africa and Asia	America and Canada	Australia and Newzealand	Latin America	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Following the breaking of the Ottoman empire, another group of countries were released to join the international system, these were _____	The Turkish states	The Isrealis	The Soviets	The Arab states	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	International relation is defined as the study of _____	Relations between and among state	International law	International diplomacy	Peace and war	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	After the World War II, President Woodrow Wilson of America contributed positively and immensely to the Peace Conference in _____	Monaco	Nicaragua	Versaillers	Venice	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The major development in the growth of the present day international system is the independence of the certain colonia in where _____	North America	Canada	Latin America	Britain	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Where did the Japanese attack America fleet which made America to join the World War II	Pushover Harbour	Cuban Harbour	Pearl Harbour	American Harbour	C	eExam



<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which country defeated Russia in 1905 that also made a difference in the international political system	China	America	Japan	Britain	C	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the Holy Roman empire, the _____ was regarded both as the temporal and spiritual leader of the empire	The Emperor	The Minister	The Queen	The Pope	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The contemporary state system dates back to the treaty of _____ in 1648	Moscow	Westphalia	Germany	Changing	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who was the leader of the Chinese revolution in 1949	Hu Chi Mi	Mao Tse Tung	Chiang Lia Cheh	Guan Lee	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The major argument this book "politics Among Nations" is that emphasis was shifted from diplomacy and law to<	Economics politics among nations	Cultural politics among nations	Military politics among nations	Power politics among nations	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of the famous International Relation book, "politics among Nations"	R. Neibuhr	George Kennan	Henry Kissinger	H. J. Morganthan	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The theoretical and methodological problems associated with the realist school gave rise to _____ or scientific study of political science	Behaviouralism	Traditionalism	Internationalism	Realism	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Economic issues and the problems of underdevelopment in the third World have led to the use of concepts such as	Capitalism	Socialism	Neo-imperialism	Transnationalism	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The attempt at disarmament and arms control was extensively discussed in the Washington Naval Conference of	1914	1920s	1912	1919	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The outbreak of the World War II led to the widespread debate criticism, and rejection of _____ paradigms	Realist	Idealist	Autocratic	Rationalist	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The international system is a cultural and conceptual creation of international politics and	International relations analyst	International go between	International traditionalist	International travellers	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The international system, has also been likened to the biological system, but while the biological system is natural, the international system, is said to be	Volatile	Artificial	Palpable	Realistic	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which pact was signed among nations after World War I that emphasised the legal control of war	Kellog-Briand Pact@	Adolt Hitter's Pact@	Napoleons Pact	Woodrow Wilson's Pact	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What institution was founded after the World War I as an important instrument that would eliminate war?	The United Nations@	The League of Nations@	The Commonwealth of Nations@	The World Trade Organisation@	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>

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