



**NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA**  
**Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja**  
**FACULTY OF SCIENCES**  
**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**  
**2020\_1 EXAMINATIONS**

**Course Code: MTH 304**

**Course Title: Complex Analysis I**

**Credit Unit: 3**

**Time Allowed: 3 Hours**

**Instruction: Answer Question Number One and Any other Four Questions.**

1. a) If  $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$  is analytic in a region  $\mathfrak{R}$  and  $u(x, y) = y^3 - 3x^2y$ .  
Find  $v(x, y)$  ?

[5 Marks]

b) Show that (i)  $\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$ . (ii)  $\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$

[3 Marks]

c) Evaluate  $\int_{3i}^{2+4i} (2y + x^2) dx + (3x - y) dy$  along the parabola  $x = 2t$  and  $y = t^2 + 3$ .

[5 Marks]

d) Let  $w = f(z) = z^2$ . Find the values of  $w$  which correspond to:

(i)  $z = -2 + i$

[2½ Marks]

(ii)  $z = 1 - 3i$

[2½ Marks]

e) Express in polar form the complex number  $z = -3i$

[4 Marks]

2. a) Given the complex function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z^2 + 4)}$ . Find the first four terms of the Taylor series expansion  $f(z)$  about  $z = -i$ .

[7 Marks]

b) Find  $\frac{df}{dz}$  of this function:  $f(z) = 4x + y + i(-x + 4y)$  along real axis.

[5 Marks]

3. a) Using Cauchy – Riemann equation, show that  $f(z) = z^3$  is analytic in the entire  $z$  – plane [8 Marks]

b) Find  $f(z)$  such that  $f'(z) = 4z - 3$  and  $f(1 + i) = -3i$

[4 Marks]

4. a) If  $z_1 = 2 + i$  and  $z_2 = 3 - 2i$ .

(i) Evaluate  $|3z_1 - 4z_2|$

[4 Marks]

(ii) Find the dot product of  $z_1 \bullet z_2$ .

[3 Marks]

b) Find the value of the integral  $\int_C (x + y)dx + x^2 y dy$  along  $y = x^2$ ,

having (0, 0) and (3, 9) as end points.

**[5 Marks]**

5. a) Show that the function  $e^x (\cos y + i \sin y)$  is an analytic function, find its derivative. **[5 Marks]**

b) Evaluate (i)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 1+i} (z^2 - 5z + 10)$ .

**[3 Marks]**

(ii)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow -2i} \frac{(2z + 3)(z - 1)}{z^2 - 2z + 4}$

**[4 Marks]**

6. a) Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points  $z_1 = -i$ ,  $z_2 = 0$ ,  $z_3 = i$  into the points  $w_1 = -1$ ,  $w_2 = i$ ,  $w_3 = 1$  respectively. Into what curve that  $y$  - axis is transformed to this transformation? **[9 Marks]**

b) Find the modulus and the argument of this complex number  $\frac{1-i}{1+i}$ .

**[3 Marks]**