Question <p>Sociology is the ---------------------- concerned with developing systematic reliable knowledge about the product of such relationships.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The word sociology was conceived first by ----------------------- </p><p> </p>

Question <p>--------------------- can be defined as the largest group of people inhibiting a specific territory</p>

Question <p>The word “Sociology” was first termed in which year?</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The earliest and least complex society formed by people thousands of years ago is known as ------------------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>------------------------- is a type of society characterized by greater surpluses of production and people no longer had to move about to search for fertile soils.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The early classical works in sociology of the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries was produced in France and ------------------------ </p>

Question <p> The --------------------- Approach enables us to understand issues which can be grasped only if we comprehend their background.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>There are ----------------- approaches to subject matter in sociology.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The idea of applying the scientific method to the social world is known as -------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>----------------- was sometimes called the second founder of sociology</p><p> </p>

Question <p> The principle of “ the survival of the fittest” was propounded by ------------------ </p><p> </p>

Question <p>---------------------- came to England after being exiled from his native Germany for proposing revolution, believed that the engine of human history is “class conflict”.</p><p> </p>

Question <p> --------------------------- supported revolution as the only way that the workers could gain control of the society.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>------------------- conducted a rigorous research comparing the suicide rate of several European countries.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Wright Mills developed the ------------------- between 1916 and 1962</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The Sociological perspectives works beyond commonly accepted or officially defined goals of ----------------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>There are ------------------------------- major orthodox view of the goals and tactics of the natural sciences.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Social and ------------------- have contributed greatly to the comparative analysis of societies by exploring the ways of life among human communities through the world,</p>

Question <p>------------------- studies both similarities and different characteristics of the culture of man. </p><p> </p>

Question <p>Family, marriage, kinship, economy, politics, rituals, religion etc are known as -----------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>----------------- is the study of government.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Sociology must take over and digest all the data studied by concrete sciences and deprive them of their reason for existence was believed by \_\_\_\_</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Sociology analyses social life at the level of interpersonal, group and --------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>---------------------level is the level of analyses that deal with groups and group relations.</p>

Question <p>A space very close to the individual’s body is known as -------------------------- </p>

Question <p>Distance zone which extends from 18 inches to 4 feet is called ----------------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The most important types of contemporary conflict are Class and --------------- conflicts.</p>

Question <p>---------------------- is a process situation in which individuals or groups work together to perform a task or to reach a commonly valued goal.</p>

Question <p>------------------------ is a type of cooperation that represents a precarious working relationship which is overshadowed by latent conflict.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Conflict resolution on the part of a victorious party who will imposed on the loser is called ----------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>--------------------------- is a temporary agreement to cease active conflict for some period of time.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Every society is made up of different groups with different --------------------- </p><p> </p>

Question <p> ------------------------ are movement represented by religious and fashion movement.</p>

Question <p> ------------------- is an imaginary model or sociologist’s conceptualization of how social relationships works</p>

Question <p>Emile Durkheim received the first academic appointment in sociology in ------------ year</p>

Question <p>Durkheim identified the following results after his rigorous research by comparing suicide rate among European countries except --------------</p>

Question <p>An ideal bureaucracy according to weber should have the following characteristics except ------------------</p>

Question <p>Problems of bureaucracy are the following except ---------------</p>

Question <p> ----------------------- depend on the technology of computers, telephone system and copiers.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Organizational environment includes the following except -----------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Auguste Comte first conceived the word sociology in -------------- year</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The word sociology is a combination of ------------------- and --------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The groups that society study include the following except ------------------</p>

Question <p>------------- is the largest group of people inhibiting a specific territory.</p><p> </p><p> </p><p> </p>

Question <p>--------------------- stresses social relationships or interactions, rather than individuals</p>

Question <p>Sociology as a ------------------ has developed reliable knowledge about relationship within the society.</p>

Question <p>The following are the different forms of society that are classified except ---------------- </p>

Question <p>--------------------- is the simplest society which appeared in history after people discovered how to cultivate grains.</p>

Question <p>The preindustrial societies were involved in the following except ---------------</p>

Question <p>The following characteristics are for industrialized society except ------------------------.</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The following information are sociological view of the society except --------------------</p>

Question <p>The idea of applying the scientific method to the social world was first proposed by ---------------------.</p>

Question <p> -------------------------- is the level of analysis that deal with groups and group relations.</p>

Question <p>----------------- was a contemporary of Emile Durkheim</p>

Question <p>The contrasts or characteristics of sociological perspective are the following except -------------------.</p>

Question <p> ---------------------- characterized the sociological perspective as “ seeing the general in particular”</p><p> </p>

Question <p>Benefits of the sociological perspective are the following except ----------------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>The following are generalizations in social science in general except --------------</p>

Question <p>There are ------------------ important reasons why some writers think that social sciences must resemble some branch of the natural sciences.</p>

Question <p>One of the following is not scientific explanation </p><p> </p><p> </p>

Question <p>Sociology shares with the following subjects/courses except ---------------------</p>

Question <p> </p><p>--------------------- deals or concerns with the spatial analysis of man’s territorial organization</p>

Question <p>------------------- believed that sociology must take over and digest all the data studied by these concrete sciences.</p>

Question <p>-------------------- gave a line of demarcation pertaining to the content of sociology</p>

Question <p>The following are the levels of analysis in sociology except ----------------</p><p> </p>

Question <p>--------------- is the social connection between two or more persons</p>

Question <p>The sociological analysis that deals with whole communities or society is called -------------------------- </p>

Question <p>A space very close to the individual’s body is known as ---------------- </p>

Question <p>A sociologist , Ervin Goff man developed the concept of ----------------------- </p>