

eExam Question Bank

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Search:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type ↓↑	Question ↑↓	A ↑↓	B ↑↓	C ↑↓	D ↑↓	Answer ↑↓	Remark ↑↓
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Politics are concerned with <input type="text"/> available	Right and duties					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Taylor observed how many element <input type="text"/>	one					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to classical thinkers people are to work because of <input type="text"/>	Reward					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The scientific management has greatly influenced by <input type="text"/>	theory					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Taylor made enormous contributions to the <input type="text"/>	Under Prescription					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Taylor was concerned with <input type="text"/> of his workers	Efficiency					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Impact of scientific management has led to <input type="text"/>	Professionalization of management					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Taylor was against <input type="text"/>	Award for day work					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Public Administration should confine itself with the role of seeing to the implementation <input type="text"/>	Policies					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The word Public simply means <input type="text"/>	Practice of administration					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Public administration is a macinery for <input type="text"/>	governmental functions					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Politics, Government and Public Administration both are <input type="text"/>	inter-connected						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Public Bureaucracy is also known as <input type="text"/>	Public Administration						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Taylor ideas give birth to <input type="text"/>	Modern Management						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> propounded the classical theory of organization	Herbert Simon						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Drucker argued that the central theme of Taylor's work was not inefficiency but the need to substitute industrial warfare by <input type="text"/>	Industry Harmony						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Taylor, scientific management is not a/an <input type="text"/>	Efficient Devices						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The relationship between public administration can be viewed from two sides of a <input type="text"/>	coin						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is much harsher in private than in public administration	Discipline						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Public administration is seen as a veritable tool for social, political and <input type="text"/> development of a state	Economic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is an acquired skill used in doing things	Arts						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> dominated the upper and middle positions in the administration	Whites						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The emergence of the colonial masters brought a different dimension do the <input type="text"/> administration	Native						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Lagos and colony was administered from <input type="text"/>	Gold Coast						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> administration is that type of administration that is carried out in any affair that concern the government	Public						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Accurate descriptions are imperative for making a wide range of <input type="text"/>	Policy Decisions						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Hawthorne studies and Elton Mayo's philosophy have tremendous impact on both management and <input type="text"/>	Academics						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Mayo and his colleagues undertook the relay assembly test room experiment at the <input type="text"/>	Plant						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	As the amount of lighting was increased for the experimental group, <input type="text"/> and <input type="text"/> improved	Efficient, Productivity						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The great illuminatin experiment ran from <input type="text"/> to <input type="text"/>	1924, 1927						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The human relations approach is the study of an individual as a <input type="text"/> being and what motivates the individual	Social - Psychological						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The study of management should be centered on <input type="text"/> relations	Interpersonal						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The classical theory is regarded as the foundation of the <input type="text"/> _century administrative thought	20th						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The influence of external environment on the decision making process of public agencies is highly <input type="text"/>	Significant					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The classical theory treats an organization as a closed system, completely unconnected with an not influenced by its <input type="text"/>	External Environment					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> involves unifying and harmonizing all activities and efforts	Coordinating					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> means ensuring that everything occurs in conformity with established rule and expressed command	Controlling					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is called the father of the function and management theory	Henri Fayol					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The classical theory manifest hierarchy, efficiency, impersonality and <input type="text"/>	Division of Work					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> propounded the classical theory of organization	Herbert Simon					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Drucker argued that the central theme of Taylor's work was not inefficiency but the need to substitute industrial warfare by <input type="text"/>	Industry Harmony					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Taylor, scientific management is not a/an <input type="text"/>	Efficient Devices					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The relationship between public administration can be viewed from two sides of a <input type="text"/>	Coin					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is much harsher in private than in public administration	Discipline					eExam

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<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Public administration is seen as a veritable tool for social, political and <input type="text"/> development of a state	Economic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is an acquired skill used in doing things	Arts						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> dominated the upper and middle positions in the administration	Whites						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The emergence of the colonial masters brought a different dimension do the <input type="text"/> administration	Native						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Lagos and colony was administered from <input type="text"/>	Gold Coast						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> administration is that type of administration that is carried out in any affair that concern the government	Public						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> examines humans and their interactions with their natural environments	Human ecology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The career professionals are guided by impersonal relationship among them, and between them and their <input type="text"/>	Clientele						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Systems theories have contended that organization are constructed by their <input type="text"/>	Environment						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	There is a wide spread expectation of benefits from public administration at little or no cost to the <input type="text"/>	Citizen						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> sees public administration as the servant of politics	Akpan						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> methods is interested in the accurate assessment of the characteristics of whole populations of people	Survey						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social rewards and sanctions are the strongest <input type="text"/> on the job	Motivators						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Work is a <input type="text"/>	Group activity						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Workers are essentially <input type="text"/> beings	Social beings						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The formulation of the human relations theory began with the efforts of <input type="text"/> in <input type="text"/> year	Elton Mayo, 1927						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Human relations theory is another method of studying <input type="text"/>	Organization						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The human relations approach is an attempt to improve some of the defects inherent in the classical <input type="text"/>	Management approach						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> of classical theories are considered along with the main features of the classical theory	Basic themes						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Administration of many <input type="text"/> is even at present structured in accord with the classical principles	Government						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The classical approach has over simplified <input type="text"/> to work	Human motivation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> implies that employees obey orders of management	Discipline						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The five managerial activities are treated by Fayol as <input type="text"/>	Universal						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> Consists of setting the human resources into activity toward the organization's objective	Commanding						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the act of forecasting future and drawing up the plan of action	Planning						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> writers upheld the distinction between the line and staff activities	Classical						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The classical theory of organisation is also known as the <input type="text"/>	Structural Theory						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Fredrick Winslow Taylor observed that management is neglecting its function and pushing burden of methods and output on <input type="text"/>	Labour						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The scientific management theory was propounded by <input type="text"/>	Fredrick Taylor						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Political neutrality of the public administrator stipulates that public administrators must be <input type="text"/>	Politically neutral						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The study of politics and public administration has shown that their roles are complementary in <input type="text"/>	Nature						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who summarized policy as nothing more than the political activity of the civil servant	Appleby	Gross	Chapman	Richard	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	At the end of the _____ worldwar, the structure of administration had been sufficiently establish	First	Second	Third	Fourth	A		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The _____ world war gave a great boost to the 'Nigerianizations of the public service	First	Second	Third	Fourth	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In the area of personnel, the upper and middle levels were pre-dominately occupied by the _____	White	Black	Citizens	Cultured	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In what year was moloney appointed Governor of Lagos	1806	1886	1866	1989	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration operates in a _____ environment	Wide	Simple	Complex	Larger	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which factor is responsible for the emphasis on paper qualification rather than acquisition of skill	Educational factor	Language factor	Social factor	None of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is a factor that have influence on public administration in Nigeria	Human factor	Language factor	Time factor	1889	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to Gulick and Urwick, _____ constitutes the key duties and functions of any administrator in an organization	GBN	PPA	ANPT	Larger	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ have contended that organizations are constructed by their environment	Human theory	Elimination theory	System Theory	National theory	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Organization are _____ created to serve one or more specific goals	Networks	Instrumental	Works	All of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There is a widespread expectation of benefits from public administration at little or not cost to the _____	People	Government	Citizen	POSCORD	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration is the action part or the lifewire of any government in _____	Business	Force	Control	Power	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The attention of a public administrator is _____	Multiplied	Added	Reduced	Aliens	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public administrators are under constant _____	Good health	Public pressure	Proper diet	Civil Service	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public administrators cannot take account of only the technical and professional factors in their _____	Account	Firm	Work	Disregarded	A	eExam



<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The resources needed by public administration	Coordination	Population	Inflation	Divided	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Secondary data are subject to an inherent danger of accuracy	True	False	Not Sure	None of the above	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Is historical method part of the method of inquiry in public administration	Yes	No	Maybe	Balance	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which inquiry gives a picture of a situation or a population	Experimental	Descriptive	Case Study	Survey	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How many methods of inquiry in public administration are there?	2	3	4	5	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to _____, Mayo's contribution to management thinking was seminal	Henri Fayol	Carol Kennedy	Mayol Mayo	Nesta Gallas	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The human relation theory is called the _____ theory because it accepts efficiency, economic, and productivity of an organization	Bi-classical	Anti-classical	Neo-classical	Sio-classical	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Workers are essentially social being is the basic principles of _____ theory	Human relation	Classical	Discriptive	Scientific management	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of this is not a major finding of the Hawthorne studies	Communication	Economic rewards	Participation	Leadership	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In _____, the Harvard researchers began their most important experiment in the famous bank writing room at the plant	1921	1936	1931	1940	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Another significant result was a decline in absenteeism of _____ percent	8	2	9	12	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In what year did the Harvard industrial research team take over the Hawthorne experiments	1924	1920	1927	1930	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who characterized the classical administrative theory as narrow and one that lacks realism	Taylor	Fayol	Henri	Simon	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What eliminate conflicting lines of command	Unity of direction	Unity of command	Order	Discipline	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not among Fayol's fourteen principles	Division of work	Indiscipline	Order	Equity	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these are the four basic principles of classical theory	Division of work	Impersonality	Efficiency	All of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not a characteristics of a classical theory	Basic Principles	Preconcieved Plan	Productivity	Minimum Organizational Economy	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The unit has thrown light on the scientific theory of _____	Authority	Knowledge	Management	Research	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is a feature of public organization	The principle of anonymity	Neutrality of public administration	Organization structure	All of the above	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration is a broad discipline that covers a variety of issues which touches on maximizing the use of scarce resources to satisfy _____	Human Needs	The government	An organization	None of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not the similarities between public and private organization	Both are guided by government circular	Both have external structure of organization	Both source for personnel in the labour market	Both have the ability to establish management	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How many levels of public administration are there in Nigeria	2	3	4	5	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Private Administration or organization can be defined as all activities that are concerned with profit making by minimizing cost of production and maximizing _____	Cost	Money	Capital	Profit	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration is seen here as a veritable tool for social, political and economic development of a/an _____	Nation	Family	State	Organization	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration also perform the function of informing the ____ at large about government programs and what progress is being made to realize the	State	People	Public	Citizens	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How many scope are there in public administration	2	3	4	5	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The challenges to the study of public administration are except	The knowledge as to the real status of public administration	The scope of public administration is wide	Poor funding for research	Few Universities offering the course	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not reason for studying public administration	It prepares the illiterates for employment	It provides knowledge of public organizations	It is useful to make public policies	It is an applied discipline	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How many factors that influence public administration are there in Nigeria?	2	5	8	10	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Nigeria inherited a _____ centralized administrative structure that was designed to serve the interest of the colonial masters	Flexible	Written	Rigid	All of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to the _____ people were rendered completely passive and highly demotivated	Okigbo	Madulabum	Gladden	Muwanga	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Lagos colony plus Southern protectorate were merged with Northern protectorate to form an amalgamated tertiary called Nigeria was in what year?	1960	1906	1986	1914	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Lagos colony was merged with Southern Nigeria in what year?	1990	1960	1951	1906	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Some of the factors that affect public administration in Nigeria includes the following except	Police	Colonialism	Economic	Legal Etcetral	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Science that studies the distribution and abundance of living _____	Beings	Cells	Organism	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The general definition of ecology is the relationship that exist between plant and living organisms to each other and to their _____	Families	Peers	Kind	Environment	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration is the machinery as well as the _____ process through which the government perform its functions	External	Internal	Government	Organization	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The development of the Human relation theory continued with the efforts of who?	Max .H. Weber	Eneanya A.N	Abraham .H. Maslow	None of the above	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The formulation of the Human relations theory began with the efforts of Elton Mayo in what year?	1890	1927	1962	1990	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the father of bureaucracy and bureucratic theory	James D. Mooney	Max Weber	Allan Reilay	Abraham Maslow	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not the function of organization	Goals	Human Activity	Militray Leadership	Environment Influence	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Workers are graded in different level of _____	Power	Strenght	Authority	Wealth	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Administration is a cooperative human effort toward achieving some _____	Rigt	Common Goals	Power	Wealth	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration is the action part of the lifewire of any government in _____	Force	The Military	Power	Command	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration takes place in the full _____ of the public eye	Glare	Gleam	Gloat	None of the above	A	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The resources needed by public administration are so diffuse and dispersed that there is a serious _____ of coordination	Needs	Cases	A and B	Problems	D	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration operates in an intense and pervasive political _____	Lithospher	Atmosphere	Biosphere	None of the above	B	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Akpan (1982) contends that public administration is the organ that carries out the programmes and manifestos of _____ in power	Student	Teacher	Politicians	An influential person	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ezeani (2006) posits that public administration is the _____ of government activities	Usage	Wastage	Management	Abusement	C	<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who are who sees administration as the coordination of men and materials within organization for the accomplishment of identified purposes	MacRae & PiH	Woodrow & Wilson	Ezeani & Akpan	PiH & Wilson	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to Simon (1970), administration refers to the activities of groups cooperating to accomplish	Mission	Power	Wealth	Goals	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Administration is what is done in a/an _____	Organization	Church	School	Office	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Administration has a universal application and present in every human endeavour be it social, cultural, religious group and _____	Differences	Problems	Public	Communities	C	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Study of public administration was directed at the twin pursuits of reforming governmental institution and training	Student	Civil Servants	Illiterates	Christians	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The qualities of a public administrator are except	Sense of judgement	He/She discriminate	Ability to delegate	Modesty	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The characteristics of public administration include the following except	A means to an end and not an end in itself	A tool of government to implement its policies	A tool that provide various services for the people to attain good life	A way to entertain foreigners	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Public Administration covers all these branches except	Executive	Power	Legislative	Judiciary	B	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the machinery, as well as the integral processes through which the government performs its functions	Civil Service	Leadership	Social Development	Public Administration	D	<a href="#">eExam</a>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In managing public affairs, public administration focuses principally on the planning, organising, directing, coordinating and controlling of _____	Governmental operations	School Affairs	State Problems	Civil Responsibilities	A	<a href="#">eExam</a>

Showing 1 to 150 of 150 entries

[Previous](#)
[1](#)
[Next](#)