

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

Choose Coursecode

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In what year were Churches in Zambia co-opted to monitor elections?	1991					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Which church helped to lead the nonviolent opposition to the Marcos regime in the Philippines?	Catholic Church					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Where is Lederach a conciliator?	Mennonite					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Answer true or false to the following statement "words do not mean the same thing to everyone who hears and uses them"	True					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Answer true or false to the following statement "Value systems also differ in our daily interactions with each other"	True					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	mediation is process modeled on settlement conferences held by judges	Evaluative					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Answer true or false to the following statement "matoput is performed publicly"	False					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Answer true or false to the following statement "when the Pokot are fighting and a mother removes her pregnancy belt and puts it between the men, the fighting must not stop"	False					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Answer true or false to the following statement "to the Kalenjin grass is pasture and pasture is milk for cows" <input type="text"/>	True						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the meaning of the Massai word for peace Osotua? <input type="text"/>	A gift out of relationship						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to John Burton "culture is vital because it is a <input type="text"/>	Satisfier						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Feeling helpless, frustrated, anxious and overwhelmed are natural reactions to a <input type="text"/> event	Traumatic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The model used by theorist for multiple representations is known as <input type="text"/>	Mixed model						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The model to represent memories of specific people is called <input type="text"/>	Exemplar model						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	How many models have been proposed to explain the processes used by individual to categorize sensory stimuli <input type="text"/>	Four						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	IHL stands for <input type="text"/> -	International Humanitarian Law						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	People usually find it difficult having or building trust in other people because they might have been <input type="text"/> at one time or the other.	Emotionally abuse						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Pacifism means do not settle conflict with <input type="text"/> -	Violence						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a tool or technique by which the scope of a conflict is determined or ascertained.	Conflict Analysis						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Trust simply means <input type="text"/> -	Believing in others						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the theoretical insight propounded by advocates of conflict resolution that the nuclear arm race could bring about reduction in or diminish conflict	Games Theory						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Forming, storming, Norming and performing are the four stages of <input type="text"/>	Group Development.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is defined as a mental predisposition to act that is expressed by evaluating a particular entity with some degree favour or disfavour.	Attitude						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The successful control of thoughts and actions of another without his or her consent is known as <input type="text"/>	Mind Control						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Relaxation, cognitive restructuring, changing your environment, using humor, better communication are the strategies that can be used or adopted to keep <input type="text"/> at bay	Anger						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	An emotional state that varies in intensity from mild irritation to intense fury and rage is referred to as <input type="text"/> -	Anger						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> was awarded the Nobel Peace prize for his advocacy of nonviolent opposition to apartheid.	Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Normative and <input type="text"/> are the two types of socio-psychological processes that contribute to conflict escalation	Perceptual						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The International Court of Justice was established in <input type="text"/> by the UN Charter.	1945						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Escalation of violence is often described as a <input type="text"/> -	Security Dilemma						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The first myth about conflict says that conflict can never lead to anything <input type="text"/>	Positive					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The major disadvantage of litigation is that parties do not have <input type="text"/> over it.	Control					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> conflict is a typical example of values related or based conflict	Religious					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the meaning of the acronym ILO? <input type="text"/>	International Labour Organization					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Threats to professional status, treats to personal standing, isolation, overwork and destabilization are the most common forms of <input type="text"/> -	Work place bullying					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Conflict Resolution techniques "to compromise means we both win, <input type="text"/> -	we both lose					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Conflict Resolution techniques "to avoid" means I lose <input type="text"/>	you lose					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Conflict Resolution techniques "to accommodate" means I lose <input type="text"/>	you win					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> drives home the message that we usually can't avoid ignoring these conflicts, but we can learn how to deal with them.	Conflict resolution style					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Handling of conflict is not an easy <input type="text"/>	task					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a difference of opinion that both parties recognise, acknowledge and accept	Simple conflict					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _conflict occurs when we are emotionally interested in a decision	Ego					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> conflict refers to those misunderstandings in which we perceive that there is a conflict when there is none	Pseudo						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> also differ in our daily interactions with each other and the way and manner we prioritise our values are also different	Value Systems						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> contribute to conflict in the sense that we are different human beings	Personality types						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In a conflict, there are at least two parties, units or entities having some minimum degree of "contact" and <input type="text"/> _to each other	Visibility						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _defines conflict as a struggle over values and claims to secure status, power, and resources	Lewis Coser						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Conflict <input type="text"/> seeks to work at a much deeper level of the human psyche than the previous models of conflict resolution	Transformation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to <input type="text"/> empathy corresponds to some attempt to acknowledge the feelings and needs of respective parties in a conflict without evaluation or judgment	Marshall Rosenberg						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _propounded the "interest based" models of conflict resolution.	Roger Fisher and William Ury						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> argued that one had to distinguish between the basic needs and interests of parties in a conflict	John Burton						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In the third conflict behaviour, 'principled negotiation,' parties would <input type="text"/> in seeking to identify their underlying interests.	cooperate						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Hard positional bargaining was competitive, adversarial, and often led to undesirable outcomes for the <input type="text"/>	Weaker party						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Book, Getting to Yes, by Roger Fisher and William Ury was published in <input type="text"/>	1981						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	During the World War II, America dropped Atomic Bombs on <input type="text"/>	Japan						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Amongst Wamakua, Wamwera, wamakonde and Wayao the ancestral intervention in conflict resolution is called <input type="text"/>	Makoka						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Among the Turkana, when there was any serious conflict, the elders would call a traditional <input type="text"/> conference	Peace						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The social structure of the pastoral groups is largely based on generational lines <input type="text"/>	Age sets						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Which authors pointed out that " when people of different descent groups must marry, live among, and cooperate with one another, their cross cutting ties together with the pervasive fear of feud constitute an important mechanism for the maintenance of social order" <input type="text"/>	Gordon A. A. and Gordon L. D.	Gordon L. D and Gordon A. A.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Perceived goals and interest incompatibility is perhaps the most basic cause of <input type="text"/> conflict	social						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> invades our natural peacefulness as unsettling visitor?	Anger						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Which conflict was mediated at the Golden Temple in Punjab? <input type="text"/>	Hindu-Sikh						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Acharya Sushil Kumar pressed for negotiations and mediated the <input type="text"/> conflict	Hindu-Sikh						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> played an activist role in the East Germany's non violent revolution of 1990.	Evangelische Kriche.						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a Quaker Conciliator	Adam Curle						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> explored methods of evaluating ICR Interventions	Leonard Doob						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who organized over thirty (30) ICR workshops to address Israeli-Palestinian conflicts? <input type="text"/>	Herbert Kelman						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Mc Swain and Treadwell described the person who runs from conflict probably because they are personally insecure as the <input type="text"/>	fearful loser						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Another way to describe the concept of avoidance in conflict handling is I lose and <input type="text"/>	you lose						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	One common denominator among all conflict is <input type="text"/>	Incompatibility						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Complete the following sentence. "As it were, the methods may be unpleasant, but it has to be understood that the problem, intractable issues are made possible by <input type="text"/> people"	Uncivilized						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who defined conflict through antagonistic psychological relations? <input type="text"/>	Finks						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The conflict resolution model that addresses deep emotions and Thought is called <input type="text"/>	Conflict transmutations						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> gave an example of how 'emphathic' or 'no violent' communication can be used.	Marshall Roseberg						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Amoral theoretical approach in conflict resolution was as a result of the model by <input type="text"/> and <input type="text"/>	Roger Fisher , William Ury	William Ury ; Roger Fisher,					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	"Extermination of the opponent at the price of self-extirmination is seen as accepted" can be classified as	Dissipation	Overthrow the opponent	Together into the abyss	Danger of wrong	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Louis Diamond and Ambassador John Mc Donald propounded _____	Multi – Track diplomacy	Game theory	Frustration/aggression theory	Cooperative behaviour	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following options is not part of the three principles of constructive conflict?	Share information indiscriminately	Having open communication practices	Having a positive conflict mentality	Providing conflict management system	A		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An effective conflict resolution process comprises three major approaches to decision making namely _____, _____ and _____	Cognitive approach, Evaluation approach, Storming approach	Evaluation approach, Storming approach, Affective approach	Storming approach, Affective approach, Cognitive approach	Affective approach, Cognitive approach, Evaluation approach	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Identify the nexus between Burton and Fisher and William Ury's models of conflict resolution	need based	interest based	cooperative conflict behavior	evolution of conflict resolution	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not a register of Litigation?	Law court/Judge	Lawyer/Constitution	Plaintiff/accused	Arbitrator/Mediator	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a bed - fellow of mind control.	Brainstorming	Control of thought	Control of action	Timing	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The theoretical insight propounded by advocates of conflict resolution that the Nuclear Arms Race could be diminished is known as _____	Conflict theory	Hitler theory	Maslow theory	Game theory	D		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Evolution of conflict resolution as a field of study was developed by _____	Michael E. Salla	Charles Osgood	John Burton	William Ury	C		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these is not among the conflict behaviour argued by Fisher and William Ury?	Interest based	Soft positional bargaining	Hard positional bargaining	Principled negotiation	B		eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not among the natural reactions to traumatic events?	Feeling hungry	Feeling frustrated	Feeling helpless	Feeling anxious and afraid.	A		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not a lesson from or advantage of indigenous methods of conflict resolution?	Retaliation	Restoration	Recrimination	Restitution	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following options is an obstacle to building trust in conflict scenario?	Brainwashing	Poverty	Corruption	Emotional abuse betrayal	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The variation in the degree of human disposition to anger is as a result of _____	Psycho-socio inhibitions	Socio-economic and political events	Genetic or physiological traits	Past events	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following are the qualities or characteristics of a good mediator?	Confidentiality, controlling and encouragement	Encouragement, transparency and controlling	Transparency confidentiality and controlling	Confidentiality, encouragement and transparency	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A mental predisposition to act that is expressed by evaluating a particular entity with some degree of favour or disfavour is referred to as _____	Attitude	Conception	Notion	Mind control	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not a stage in group development?	Forming, storming and norming	Supporting, storming and forming	Storming, Norming and forming	Norming, forming and storming	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The use of physical or emotional force, authority or pressure to oblige or constrain someone to act in a desired way can be referred to as _____	Compelling	Supporting	Avoiding	Persuading	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Structural conflicts are best described as _____	Pseudo conflicts	Interest conflicts	Conflicts that are caused by forces external to the people in dispute	Data conflicts	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who wrote about the model of conflict resolution that can be used to address the deep emotions and thoughts that arise during a conflict and perpetuate undesirable conflict behavior?	Michael E. Salla	L. Coser	Charles Osgood's	Morton Deutshe	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who wrote the article "A theory of cooperation and completion"?	Morton Deutshe	John Burton	Jean Paul Lederach	Alex Schmid	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which organization is responsible for the coordination of occupational standard among nations?	International Labour Union	International Trade Union Organisation	International Labour Organisation	World Trade Organisation	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Threats to professional status, threats to personal standing, isolation, overwork and destabilization are the most common forms of _____.	Structural Conflict	Occupational Hazard	Work Place Bullying	Psychological conflict	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the theoretical insight propounded by advocates of conflict resolution that the nuclear arm race could bring about reduction in or diminish conflict	Classical Theory	Games Theory	Decision Theory	Conflict Theory	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Forming, storming, Norming and performing are the four stages of _____	Group development	Latent Conflict	Conflict manifestation	Conflict escalation	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is defined as a mental predisposition to act that is expressed by evaluating a particular entity with some degree favour or disfavour	Perception	Stereotype	Attitude	Altitude	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The successful control of thoughts and actions of another without his or her consent is known as _____	Mind Control	Hypnotism	Role Mode	Wisdom	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Relaxation, cognitive restructuring, changing your environment, using humor, better communication are the strategies that can be used or adopted to keep ____ at bay.	Anger	Intrapersonal conflict	Pride	Disillusionment	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An emotional state that varies in intensity from mild irritation to intense fury and rage is referred to as _____	Disillusionment	Anger	Intra personal conflict	Frustration	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for his advocacy of nonviolent opposition to apartheid	Catholic Archbishop Desmond Tutu	Anglican Archbishop Desmond Tutu	Bishop Tutu of South Africa	Jacob Zuma	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ and _____ are the two types of socio-psychological processes that contribute to conflict escalation	Normative and Conceptual	Normative and Perceptual	Perceptual and Conceptua	Normal and conceptual	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The International Court of Justice was established in _____ by the UN Charter	1944	1945	1946	1947	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Escalation of violence is often described as a _____.	Security Dilemma	Upward review of conflict	Conflict progression	Conflict trajectory	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The first myth about conflict says that conflict can never lead to anything _____.	Negative	Positive	Stability	Failure	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The major disadvantage of litigation is that parties do not have _____ over it	Control	Time Constraint	Financial implication	Restorative justice	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ conflict is a typical example of values related or based conflict	Ethnic	Religious	Interest	Structural violence	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In which of these disciplines is Josiah Osamba well known?	Sociology	History	Security studies	Biology	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What is the full meaning of PTSD	Past Traumatic Stress Syndrome	Pervasive Traumatic Stress Syndrome	Post Traumatic Stress Syndrome	Peace Teaching System Development	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In what year did the National Center for Children Exposed to Violence form a Regional Resource Group?	2001	1991	1987	1973	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In which of the following Universities does Gerald M. Blair work?	University of Birmingham	University of Edinburg	University of Texas	University of Wale	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of The Control of Candy Jones?	Donald Bain	Camara Laye	Donald Cameron	Carroll Laye	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In which of these wars were the Chinese brainwashing American prisoners of war?	World War II	Pacific War	Korean War	Gulf War	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of Anger Management?	William Zartman	Michael Sean	Susan Kramer	Marvin Gay	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In which of the following Universities does Professor W. Scholl work?	University of Rhode Island	University of Birmingham	American University of Cairo	University of Cairo	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of Ripe Moment Theory?	Michael Lund	Donald Rothchild	William Zartman	Karl Marx	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who among the following priests won the Nobel Peace Prize?	Archbishop Desmond Tutu	Pope John Paul I	Pope John Paul II	Pope Benedict IV	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not a step to emotional preparedness?	Knowledge	Experience	Readiness	Understanding	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Negotiation as complex communication among multiple parties is a form of approach by	Game theorists	Decision theorists	International relations scholars	Organization theorists	D	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ attempts to combine conflict progression with different strategies management and prevention?	Donald Rothchild	Karl Marz	Richard W. School	Michael Lund	D	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Attitude consists of ____ components	2	3	4	5	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A situation whereby the destruction, dissolution and confrontation ensued and hostile system is pursued intensively as a goal is called	Loss of face	Calcification	Dissipation	Action	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who among the following is a psychologist that specializes in anger management?	Jerry Deffenbacher	Eric Blair	Michael Lund	Tom Jerry	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What role did the Conciliation Commission of religious figures play in conflict resolution process?	Pressed for negotiations	Mediated the Hindu-Sikh conflict	Non violent opposition to regimes in Philippines	Return of Indian refugees to Nicaragua	D	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a Quaker conciliator	Adam Curle	Lederach	Cynthia Sampson	Edward Azar	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What was the focus of Ronald J. Fisher ICR workshops?	A subjective approach to understanding conflict, and a problem solving approach to resolution	Identify barriers to negotiation, and the psychological prerequisites for mutual acceptance	Address the conflict between Argentina and the U.K. over the Falkland/Malvinas Islands, the Lebanese civil war, and the conflict in Sri Lanka.	Exploring the parties' underlying needs and fears	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Druckman D.; Broome B.J and Korper H.S	Harold Saunders	Christopher Mitchell	Herbert Kelman	Ronald J. Fisher	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who among the following is international adjudication theorist?	Richard Bilder	Daniel Druckman	Jacob Bercovitch	Druckman D.; Broome B.J and Korper H.S	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Courts have the primary leverage of	Give parties most control	Enforce compliance	Readily available	Time consuming	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of this group belongs to transnational mediators?	United Nations	Red Cross	European Union	Arab League	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which is the closest effective technique for dealing with conflicts in the twenty-first century?	Theoretical framework	Negotiation	Mediation	Problem solving	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How many suggestions did Daniel Druckman offer for making research relevant?	3	4	9	11	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Letting others know your feelings, emotions, reactions, and having confidence in them to respect you and not to take advantage of you is known as	Trust	Assistance	Help	Anger	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	How can mutual expectation of conflict parties when targeting power be prevented?	Mediation	Peacebuilding	Greater coercion	Contentious interaction	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Conflict de-escalator does not include	Listening	Compromise	Self esteem	erson speak	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Where is Adam Curle a conciliator?	Quaker	Ireland	Canada	Finland	A	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of Religion and Peace Building?	Rev. Father Hassan Kuka	Cynthia Samson	Mahmood Mamdani	Peace	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who held ICR workshops to address the conflict between Argentina and the UK?	Kofi Anan	Boutros Boutros Ghali	Edward Azar	Micheal Jackson	C	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In what year was Manila Peace Agreement?	1956	1966	1958	1933	B	<input type="checkbox"/> eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who outlines a social-psychological view of the nature of international conflict?	Robert Luckam	Joseph Lewis	Herbert C. Kelman	Monica Lewiski	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who is the author of Discover Your Conflict Management Style?	Speed Leas	Karin Barbe	Elias Macos	Goerge Bush	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	People usually find it difficult having or building trust because they might have been _____ at one time or the other.	Disappointed	Emotionally Abuse	Together	Frustrated	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Pacifism means do not settle conflict with _____.	Violence	Avoidance	Violent Compromise	Negotiation	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a tool or technique by which the scope of a conflict is determined or ascertained.	Conflict Mapping	Conflict Analysis	Conflict Tracking	Conflict pyramid	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Trust simply means _____	Believe in others	Faith in others	Working in harmony with others	Compromise	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of these options is not among the nine stages of conflict escalation?	calculation, debate and action	calculation, image and threat	image, dissipation and together	loss of face, action and coalition	B	eExam

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