

eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

Choose Coursecode



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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _approach is a peaceful resolution of conflict at all levels in which decision(s) are made according to the rules and principles of law.	Judicial					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What does the acronym ECOMOG connote? <input type="text"/>	Economic Community of West African Monitoring Group					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> in his book titled "An Agenda for Peace," classified peacebuilding into two namely pre-conflict and post-conflict peacebuilding.	Boutros-Boutros Ghali					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _are social relations, which include the ways in which man and woman relate to each other beyond that of personal interaction.	Gender relations					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The convention on the elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women was adopted in the year <input type="text"/>	1981					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The protracted state of violence, large-scale conflicts involving two or more parties is known as <input type="text"/>	War					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Clothing, language, belief systems, values, norms are examples of <input type="text"/>	Culture					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration programme extended towards Niger-Delta militant youths is tagged <input type="text"/> programme	Amnesty						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> identity is the major source or cause of inter-ethnic violence in Africa.	Ethnic						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Beliefs, rituals, subjective experience and community are the four basic elements of <input type="text"/>	Religion						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A war action undertaken by a party or a group of parties to contain the activities of aggressor or a group of aggressors is called <input type="text"/> _war.	Just						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The action which supports political, economic, social and military measures and structures among to strengthen and solidify political settlement in order to redress the cause of conflict is referred to as <input type="text"/>	Peacebuilding						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The maintenance of public security, civil services and ceasefire agreement in war and crisis zones by the United Nations or regional military, police and civilian forces with the consent of the nation-state on whose territory the forces are deployed is called <input type="text"/>	Peacekeeping						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is the talks between conflicting parties on ideas, information and options in order to reach a mutually acceptable agreement.	Negotiation						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> argument on the morality of war is that if law is not supported by force, it is most unlikely that the law will be respected.	Militarist						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Karl Marx defined <input type="text"/> as opium of the masses or people.	Religion						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Media and movies, street culture, ruthless administration/government and forced conscription are four agents of <input type="text"/>	Violence Modeling						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> weapons were the military innovation of the Song dynasty during the renaissance period	Gunpowder						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is of the view that a number and varying degree of conditions could be responsible for aggressive behaviour.	Social learning theory	SLT					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Violence is any act of <input type="text"/> in which greater amount of physical force is exerted .	Destruction						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> came into existence on the 24th of October, 1945 as a result of the failure of the League of Nations to prevent the outbreak of World War II.	United Nations						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _implies a set of norms, values and attitudes, which constitute behavior among two principal actors namely state and non-state.	Culture of war						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the full meaning of the acronym WMD? <input type="text"/>	Weapon of Mass Destruction						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> was pronounced by the Supreme Court as the authentic winner of the 2003 Governorship election in Anambra State.	Peter Obi					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The year 2000 global campaign for gender mainstreaming in peace processes led to adoption of four (4) major policy documents that demonstrated the relationship among peace, human rights and <input type="text"/>	Gender equality					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Kigali Declaration reinforces positive and active roles of women in peacemaking and <input type="text"/>	Peacebuilding					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Gacaca courts were created in Rwanda to address pains and <input type="text"/> of the genocide war.	Agonies					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is any action that is destructive, in which great amount of physical force is being exerted.	Violence					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A belief that natural objects are animated by spirits is called <input type="text"/>	Cosmology					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Peacebuilding involves building a network of opportunities in the transformation of conflict attitude between the parties through restoration of <input type="text"/> _and genuine reconciliation.	Communication					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What does the acronym CEDAW stands for? <input type="text"/>	Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The United Nations Fourth World Conference on women of 1995 was tagged <input type="text"/>	Beijing Conference					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The court whose decision is final and does not give unfavoured party any right of appeal in Nigeria is known as the <input type="text"/>	Supreme Court						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A form of decision making in which two or more parties talk with one another in an effort to resolve their opposing interests is referred to as <input type="text"/>	Negotiation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is any serious violation of law applicable to both intra state and international armed conflicts.	War Crime						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The period of Cold War was characterized by ideological difference between <input type="text"/> and communism respectively.	Capitalism						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The two Japanese cities that were plagued or attacked by atomic bomb are Nagasaki and <input type="text"/>	Hiroshima						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> can be described as any peaceable act, which prohibits the use of violence and force in the resolution of conflict that may arise in the social interaction that forms the basis of human relations.	Pentism						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Nigeria's first military coup was led by Major <input type="text"/>	Nzeogwu Kaduna						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Any organized collection of ideas or a set of believes, especially one held by a particular group that influence the way people behave is known as <input type="text"/>	Ideology						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is described as a subjective perception of common origins, historical memories, and aspirations.	Ethnicity						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the full meaning of the acronym MASSOB? <input type="text"/>	Movement for the Actualisation of Sovereign State of Biafra						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The process through which people internalize the habits of application of force which may be productive (positive) or counter – productive (negative) is referred to as <input type="text"/>	Militarization						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> theory is of the view that a number and varying degrees of condition could be responsible for aggressive behaviour.	Social learning						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Medieval period is also known as <input type="text"/>	Dark ages						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is defined as the sum total way of life of people living in a society.	Culture						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The two major categories of warfare are conventional and <input type="text"/> _warfare.	Unconventional						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The four features of war include danger, exertion, uncertainty and <input type="text"/>	Chance						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	We have high intensity warfare and <input type="text"/> intensity warfare.	Low						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Amnesty programme was introduced by the government of president <input type="text"/>	Umoru Musa Yaradua						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Partsch (1995:343) believes that 'fact finding' and ' <input type="text"/> ' are methods for the establishment of facts in international law, which can be used for various purposes.	Inquiry						eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A voluntary bargaining process in which the disputing parties try to assist each other on the need to shift away from the positions which have hitherto made the resolution of conflict a difficult venture through informal conversations is referred to as <input type="text"/>	Negotiation					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A framework aimed not at conflict-resolution but at the transformation of combatants' relationship through 'empowerment and recognition' was postulation by Bush and _ <input type="text"/>	Folger					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Cultural habits of aggression and violence can be said to be peculiar only to the <input type="text"/> race.	Human					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> violence occurs when the physical attack is targeted to outward the people who are not in the same group with the belligerents.	Outward					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Medieval period, which is also known as <input type="text"/> experienced dramatic changes in every aspect of human relation and civilization.	Dark ages					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The use of elephants in warfare was first adopted in <input type="text"/>	India					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> was traditionally the first king of Egypt and the father of the first dynasty of Egypt.	Menes					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	war behaviour among state and non-state actors. notable among them were <input type="text"/> and Roman Empire.	Greece					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> of war implies a set of norms, values and attitudes, which constitute a war behaviour among state and non-state actors.	Culture					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Community, rituals, beliefs and subjective experience are basic <input type="text"/> of religion.	Elements	features				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _warfare refers to any armed conflict that does not involve the parties engaging in an open confrontation.	Unconventional					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> peacebuilding is more associated with peace which often focuses on demobilization and reintegration programmes and immediate reconstruction needs.	Post-conflict					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is an act of putting some power or faculty into vigorous action.	Exertion					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _is an unequal power equilibrium among parties.	Power asymmetry					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A system which accentuates and enhances or promotes military ideas and thoughts is known as <input type="text"/>	Militarism					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is an organised system of beliefs, values, and ideas that form the basis of social, economic, or political philosophy.	Ideology					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a form of social ideology which articulates for a situation where women will enjoy equal rights as their male counterparts.	Feminism					eExam



<input type="checkbox"/>									
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The war of terror against the western world capitalism and western values was declared by _____ network.	Al-Qaeda						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Pacifism can be said to have begun since _____ era.	Pre-history						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The inordinate ambition and aggression of the Nazist Germany to capture and rule the whole world was under the tutelage of _____	Adolf Hitler						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The prolonged tension between East bloc led by the defunct USSR and the West bloc under the tutelage of the USA is tagged _____	Cold war						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Any serious violation of law applicable to both intra-state and international armed conflicts is referred to as _____	War crime						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	_____ law has made it an offence for any party to carry out any military act that contravenes the existing instruments of international humanitarian law that regulate the conduct of armed hostilities.	International Criminal						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the full meaning of the acronym UNESCO _____?	United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation						eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Where there are inter – religious skirmishes, some moderate Muslims are often attacked physically by their fellow Muslim brethren for protecting Christians in their domain against any physical aggression. It is referred to as _____ violence	Inward	External	Intra	Outward	A		eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The process through which one acquires knowledge and skills that establish in him/her social patterns of response to external stimuli is known as _____	Economic learning	Learning	Social learning	Socialization	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The genocide in Rwanda is an example of _____ problem	Religion	Identity	Sex	Sex	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ values are the ones the state or group seeks to satisfy but can be compromised due to less relevance the group or state ascribes to them.	Core	Factual	Shell	Socio-economic	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not among the basic elements of religion?	Community	Ritual/beliefs	Miracle	Subjective experience	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ reinforces positive and active roles of women in both peace keeping and peace building	Kigali Declaration	Beiging Conference	Culture of Peace	Campaign for gender mainstreaming	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a belief that natural objects are animated by spirit.	Spiritism	Deitism	Pacifism	Animism	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	What does Cold War connotes?	Gradual elimination and attack of enemies	Ideological differences between two super powers	Attack and retreat war methods	Secretive or silent destruction of the military base	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Most war crimes perpetrated against non-combatant and civilian populations include the following except one. Identify the incorrect option.	Murder, torture and rape	Deportation and hostage taking	Forced/child labour	Corruption and nepotism	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Religion is described by Karl Marx as -----	"Opium of the people"	Mind of the masses	View of the people	Expectation of the populace	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In Latin, religion is religio, meaning -----	"Reverence for God or the gods"	Supremacy of God	Authority of God	Liberalism of God	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The phrase "it is the end that justifies the means" was propounded by ----- in his book	Van Blerk,	Mathew	Nicollo Machiavelli	Massey	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to -----, in the nature of man we find three principal causes of quarrel	Hobbes	Marx	Giddens	Weber	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Values group or state seeks to satisfy but can be compromised due to less relevance the group or state ascribes to them are referred to as ----	The Core values	Identity values	The Shell values	Asymmetry values	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The earliest form of submarine was invented in 1624 by -----	Cornelius Drebbel	Isaac Peral	Bayonet	General Jean Martinet	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	That complex which includes knowledge, beliefs, arts, morals, law, customs and other capabilities acquired by man as a member of society is known as ----	Orientation	Culture	Specialisation	Belief system	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The full blown war between China and Japan took place in ----	1894	1904	1879	1934	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following is not among the four features with which Carl Von Clausewitz described the war environment in his 'climate of war'?	Danger	Exertion	Uncertainty/ chance	Principle	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The experience of the ---- has shown that the century recorded more war with incomparable human casualty than the previous centuries put together.	20th century	19th century	17th century	18th century	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Violence is categorized into two types namely ---- and - ---- violence.	Inward and outward	Within and without	Local and international	Aggressive and Suppressive	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The peacekeeping operation and intervention force that was established by the Economic Community of West African states is known as _____	ECOWAS	Allied Forces	JMTF	ECOMOG	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The concept "Peacebuilding" was made popular at the level of the United Nations in 1992 BY _____	Koffi Annah	Emeka Anyaoku	George Bush	Boutros Boutros – Ghali	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The modus operandi of the United Nations Fourth World Conference on women which was organized in order to address the structural and fundamental inequality in the relationship between men and women took place in the year _____	1995	1973	1985	1945	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Peaceful approaches to conflict resolution comprise the following except one. Pick the incorrect option.	Mediation	Meditation	Negotiation	Arbitration	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The year ----- was proclaimed as the International year for the culture of peace by the UN General Assembly	1945	1973	2000	2005	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Choose the option that is not part of war crimes perpetrated against non-combatant and civilian population.	Murder and torture	Deportation and rape	Hostage taking and forced labour	House breaking and theft	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The tension of "Cold War" was between the East bloc and West bloc that was led by _____ and _____ respectively	USSR and U.S.A	Germany and Italy	North and South Korea	Japan, Italy and Germany	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Second World War came to an end on _____.	December 7th, 1941	August 14, 1945	12/07/1939 00:00:00	October 1st, 1960	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The first military coup in Nigeria took place in the year _____.	1976	1983	1983	1966	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ideology can be categorized into the following types except one. Pick the incorrect option.	Persuasion ideology	Economic ideology	Political ideology	Religious ideology	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following options is not part of the basic elements of religion?	Beliefs and rituals	Subjective experience	Violent behaviour	Community	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Who described religion as "opium of the people or masses"?	Isaac Albert	J.J Rousseau	J.J Rousseau	Karl Marx	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Inter – ethnic rivalry has led to a number of ethnic violence, hostilities and wars in the following countries except one. Identify the incorrect option.	Rwanda/Burundi	Sudan and Somalia	Ghana and Libya	Ethiopia and Angola	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Choose among the below options the one that is not part of the means through which violent behaviour can be learnt	Profitisation of violence/Street culture	Genocide and killing/rape and maiming	Toys and games/ book and literary works	Media and movies/forced conscription	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Thomas Hobbes identified three principal causes of quarrel in the nature of man. Identify the incorrect option	Aggression	Diffidence	Competition	Glory	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The term "United Nations" was first introduced into the vocabulary of international politics by who?	President Jimmy Carter	D.C. Washington	President Franklin D. Roosevelt	Bill Clinton	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Identify among the below options the one that is part of the sources of culture of war	Instinctual aggression/values	Population outburst /relative deprivation	Power asymmetry / identity	Genocide, arson and maiming	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following options is not part of the characteristics of a culture	Knowledge/Skills, arts	Customs, Morals, Law and language	Believes, values and norms	Racial, ethnic and tribal groups	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The features of war comprise the following except one. Identify the incorrect option	Danger/Exertion	Uncertainty	Common agreement	Chance	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action was adopted at the ____ conference of Human Rights.	1983	1993	2003	1985	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	International Criminal Law acts in conformity with the philosophy of "nolle creminensine lege" which means -----	No law without crime	No punishment without crime	No crime without law	No general principle	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of the basic principles of International Humanitarian Law is -----	Principles of law	Principles of equity	Principles of humanity	Principle of mankind	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is any serious violation of law applicable to both intra state and international armed conflicts.	War crime	Violent crime	Quarrel crime	Armed crime	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The armed conflict between the Palestine and Israel is over permanent control of _____	Jerusalem	Tel Aviv	Damascus	Jordan	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an aspect of war in which the warring parties enjoy optional joint control of the war event to prevent to a large extent uncontrolled or uncontrollable destruction.	Uncontrollable	Unmanageable	Fundamental	Manageable	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The tension between Nigeria and Cameroon over the ownership of Bakassi, which almost broke into full scale war, can be referred to as ____	Fundamental war	Particular war	Accidental war	Monumental war	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a war action undertaken by a party or a group of parties to contain the activities of an aggression or a group of aggressors	Holy war	Just war	Life war	Unfinished war.	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A French Socialist leader, Jean Jaure was assassinated on _____	31 July, 1941	30 July, 1920	13 April, 1914	31 July, 1912	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a process that is actually associated with any peace initiations aimed at transforming the conflict between two or more parties without addressing the structural problems or root causes.	Conflict peace	Negative peace	Positive peace	Solution peace	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The United Nations declared year _____ as the year of Culture of Peace.	2005	2001	2007	2000	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The participation of women in the Inter-Congolese Dialogue (ICD) took place in _____	Spring City Resort	Moon City Resort	Sun City Resort	Fountain City Resort	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Offence of Crime Against Humanity usually attract _____	Mid –term imprisonment	Automatic	Long-term imprisonment	Short-term imprisonment	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	In what year was the convention on the Elimination of all forms of discrimination against woman adopted?	1981	1988	1991	1994	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of the notable areas the mission (UNTAG) made a huge success was empowerment of _____ in political decision making and political participation in Namibia.	Children	Adults	Women	Richman	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The full meaning of UNTAG is _____	United Namibia Transitional Assistance	Union Namibia Transportation Assistance Group	United Nations Transition Assistance Group	United Nations Transitional Assistance Group	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Peace building plays all the following roles except _____	Violence prevention	Conflict resolution	Acquisition of arms and ammunitions	Humanitarian assistance	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A more associated event with peacekeeping which often focusing more on demobilization and re-integration programmes and immediate reconstruction needs is called _____ peace building	Pre-conflict	Post-conflict	Sleeping phase	Fundamental conflict	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The ability of "repairing" relationships, institutions and social facilities and putting in place schemes that can help the disputing communities to be united once again is known as _____	Peace building	Mutual building	Conflict building	Violence building	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a situation whereby jingoistic spirit is fostered among the people in a given society.	Militarization	Military operation	Civilization	Militarism	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The full meaning of UNTAG is _____	United Namibia Transitional Assistance	Union Namibia Transportation Assistance Group	United Nations Transition Assistance Group	United Nations Transitional Assistance Group	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	According to _____ man's inhumanity against fellow man is not inhuman nature but in human nurture.	Hobbes	Skinner	Piaget	Rousseau	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Sources of culture of war include the following except _____	Instinctual Aggression	Professional Armies	Military Industrial complex	Creativity	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ formalized the politics of sphere of influence and colonialism of Africa by European imperialists.	Berlin conference	Anglo conference	British conference	Bardin conference	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Nuclear submarine was invented in _____	1925	1955	1945	1956	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The period that featured the development of field artillery, battalions, infantry drill etc. is referred to as _____	Industrial period	Modern period	Medieval period	Renaissance period	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The use of elephant in warfare was first adopted in _____	Germany	China	Africa	India	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the sum total of the learned behaviours of a group of people which are generally considered to be the tradition of that people and are transmitted from generation to generation.	Ethnics	Moral	Culture	Attitude	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The cause of armed hostility between China and Japan was the control of _____	Germany	Korea	US	Togo	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The act of putting some power or faculty into vigorous action is called _____	Exertion	Extraction	Expulsion	Expel	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ region has had the lion share in the flows of refugees in Africa.	Lake Chad	Upper Volta	Great Mountain	Great Lake	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The following are features of danger of war in West Africa except one. Identify the incorrect option	Refugee generation	Armed robbery	Non circulation of small arms	Making the prevailing atmosphere of peace a fragile one.	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Revolutionary United Front (RUF) initiated civil war was led by _____	Friday Sonkoh	Foday Sonkoh	Freyoh Sunday	Froday Shoh	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ century recorded more war with incomparable human casualty than the previous centuries put together.	20th	19th	15th	17th	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The only source of war is _____	Spiritua	Economic	Interest	Politics	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a protracted state of violent large-scale conflict involving two or more parties	Indiscipline	Fight	War	Quarel	C	eExam

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