## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA <br> PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI, ABUJA <br> FACULTY OF SCIENCES <br> DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE <br> 2020_2 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE: CIT371
COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND ANIMATION
COURSE CREDIT: 3 UNITS
TIME ALLOWED: 2½ HOURS
INSTRUCTION: ANSWER QUESTION 1 AND ANY OTHER FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

## Question One

1a) Outline the full procedure to construct a BSP tree. ( 6 mks )
1b. Itemize any four application areas of Computer graphics. (4mks)
1c. In a Cathode Ray Tube (CRT), describe the dot pitch. (3mks)
1d. In a tabular form, summarize the properties of four primary types of printing ink. ( 6 mks )
1e. Describe a 3D rotation about z axis. (3mks)

## Question Two

2a. Discuss briefly Computer Aided Design (CAD). ( 6 mks )
2b. What is Interactive Computer Graphics? ( $41 / 2 \mathrm{mks}$ )
2c. In cathode ray tube, define the term Critical Fusion Frequency (CFF). ( $11 / 2 \mathrm{mks}$ )

## Question Three

3a. Explain briefly the meaning of back-to-front ordering in a BSP tree. (3mks)
3b. In visible light, describe the color model. ( 6 mks )
3c. Itemize the two different examples of absolute color spaces that are both based on the RGB model. (3mks)

## Question Four

4a In a tabular form, Identify the three types of cones and their equivalent wave length in nanometer. ( 3 mks )

4b. The perceived color of an object is influenced by the color of the surroundings, itemize them. (3mks)

4 c . Discuss briefly the concept, digital image. (6mks)

## Question Five

5a. Itemize the four forms of frame buffers. (4mks)
5b. Write briefly on the true-color frame buffer. ( 5 mks )
5c. On a Cartesian coordinate evaluate the distance between the two points $(5,2)$ and ( 7,3 ). ( 3 mks )

## Question Six

6a. Explain in simple terms, how to solve the problem between the resolution of the texture and sampling frequency. (1mk)

6 b . Identify the five pixel operations available in computer graphics.( 5 mks )
6 c . Describe the coordinate transformations for translation, rotation and scaling as linear systems. ( 6 mks )

