

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI - ABUJA FACULTY OF SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

2021_1 EXAMINATIONS

COURSE CODE: PHY307

COURSE TITLE: SOLID STATE PHYSICS I

CREDIT UNIT: 2

TIME ALLOWED: (2 HRS)

INSTRUCTION: Answer question 1 and any other three questions

QUESTION 1

Question1

- (a) What is the definition of crystal (i) macroscopically and (ii) microscopically?(2Marks each)
- (b) State the convention for drawing lattice arrangements using axial lengths a, b, c and axial angles α , β , γ .(3 Marks)
- (c) What are the seven crystal stems?(3½ Marks)
- (d) Outline the rules in finding direction indices.(3 Marks)
- (e) In one sentence, define Miller indices (2 Marks)
- (f) If x, y and z axes intercept 3, 4, and 2, calculate the Miller indices.(3½ Marks)
- (g) State Bragg's law of diffraction and give two geometrical facts that are necessary for the derivation of the law.(3 Marks)
- (h) What are the methods required in determining the experimental crystal structure?(3Marks)

QUESTION 2

- (a) What are the rules for Miller Indices (6 Marks)
 - (b) Calculate the Miller Indices if the x, y and z intercepts are 1, 2, 3. (4Marks)
- (c) What are the general principles of Miller Indices?(5 Marks)

QUESTION 3

- (a) Define stress (2 Marks)
- (b) Write down the strain components of (i) e_{xy} (ii) e_{zx} (2 Marks)
- (c) What are the stress components? (9 Marks)
- (d) What does X_x represent in a stress component?(2 Marks)

QUESTION 4

- (a) Define simple lattice. (3 Marks)
- (b) State the metallic crystal structures.(4Marks)
- (c) What are the elementary properties of a lattice?(5 Marks)
- (d) Mention the basis vectors for a simple cubic lattice.(3 Marks)

QUESTION 5

- (a) State the elementary properties of the reciprocal lattice. (5Marks)
- (b) What are the properties of the reciprocal lattice that makes it important in the diffraction theory?(3 Marks)
- (c) Show that the reciprocal lattice vectors as defined in the equations $\mathbf{A} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}$; $\mathbf{B} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}$; $\mathbf{B} = 2\pi \frac{\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}}$;

$$2\pi \frac{c \times a}{a \cdot b \times c}$$
; $C = 2\pi \frac{a \times b}{a \cdot b \times c}$; below satisfy $A \cdot B \times C = \frac{8\pi^3}{a \cdot b \times c}$ (7 Marks)