



**NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA**  
University Village, Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Express Way, Jabi-Abuja

**FACULTY OF SCIENCES**  
**April/May 2019 Examinations**

**Course Code:** MTH304  
**Course Title:** Complex Analysis I  
**Credit Unit:** 3  
**Time Allowed:** 3 Hours  
**Total:** 70 Marks  
**Instruction:** Answer Question One (1) and Any Other 4 Questions

1. (a) Given that  $z_1 = a + ib$ ,  $z_2 = c + id$ , then

Prove that (i)  $\overline{z_1 + z_2} = \overline{z_1} + \overline{z_2}$  (6 marks)

(ii)  $|z_1 z_2| = |z_1| |z_2|$  (6 marks)

(b) (i) If  $x = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$ ,  $y = \cos \phi + i \sin \phi$ , prove that

$\frac{x-y}{x+y} = i \tan\left(\frac{\theta-\phi}{2}\right)$  (7 marks)

(ii) Find the modulus of the complex number  $\frac{1+2i}{1-(1-i)^2}$  (3 marks)

2. (a) Prove that  $u = x^2 - y^2 - 2xy - 2x + 3y$  is harmonic (5 marks)

(b) If  $a = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$ , prove that  $1 + a + a^2 = (1 + 2 \cos \theta)(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$  (7 marks)

3. (a) Let  $z = x + iy$ , find the real and imaginary parts of the following complex functions

(i)  $f(z) = z^2$  (ii)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$  (6 marks)

(b) Hence, show that 3(a) (i) and (ii) satisfy the Cauchy-Riemann equations (6 marks)

4. (a) Evaluate each of the following using theorems on limits

(i)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 1-i} \left( \frac{z^2 + 4z + 3}{z+1} \right)$  (3 marks)

(ii)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow -2i} \frac{(2z+3)(z-1)}{z^2-2z+4}$  **(3 marks)**

(b) Differentiate the following complex functions from the first principles

(i)  $f(z) = z^2 + z$  **(3 marks)**

(ii)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$  **(3 marks)**

5. (a) Let  $e^{iz} = \cos z + i \sin z$ , prove that  $\cos z = \frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2}$  **(6 marks)**

(b) Express  $\frac{(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^8}{(\sin \theta + i \cos \theta)^4}$  in the form  $(x + iy)$  **(6 marks)**

6. (a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{1+i} (x^2 - iy) dz$  along the path  $y = x$ . **(4 marks)**

(b) Evaluate  $\int_0^{2+i} (\bar{z})^2 dz$  along the real axis from  $z = 0$  to  $z = 2$  and then along the line parallel to  $y$ -axis  $z = 2$  to  $z = 2 + i$  **(8 marks)**