

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA

## Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja

## FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS October Examination 2019

Course Code:	MTH 341
<b>Course Title:</b>	Real Analysis
Credit Unit:	3
Time Allowed:	3 Hours
Total Marks:	70
<b>Instructions: Ans</b>	wer Question Number One and Any Other Four Questions

<b>1.</b> (a) State the Rolle's theorem.	(3 Marks)	
(b) Verify Rolle's theorem for $f(x) = x^2(1 - x^2), 0 \le x \le 1$ .	(12 Marks)	
(c) Prove that if f is continuous at $x = 0$ then $xf(x)$ is differentiable at $x = 0$ .		
	(7 Marks)	
2. (a) Show that the function $f \colon \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by		
$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x \ge 1 \\ x^2, & x < 1 \end{cases}$		
Is continuous at $x = 1$ but is not differentiable at $x = 1$ .	(6 Marks)	
(b) Prove that if f and g are differentiable at $x = x_o$ , so also is		
(i) $f - g$ (ii) $kf$ , where k is a constant	(6 Marks)	

- **3.** (a) State Cauchy's mean value theorem
  - (b) Show that the functions

$$f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2)$$

(4 Marks)

and

$$h(x) = x(x-2)(x-3)$$

defined on  $[0, \frac{1}{2}]$  satisfy the conditions of Cauchy's mean value theorem. (8 Marks)

- 4. (a) (i) Use the mean value theorem to prove that  $e^x > 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}$  if x > 0. (3 Marks) (ii) Hence or otherwise, estimate  $\sqrt{21}$ . (6 Marks) (b) Compute the limit of  $\lim_{x \to \pi} \frac{\sin 3x}{\tan 5x}$ (3 Marks) 5. (a) If  $f(x) = x^2 \sin(\frac{1}{x}), x \neq 0, f(0) = 0$ , show that f'(0) exists and find it. (4 Marks)
  - (b) (i)Let  $\varphi : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a function defined by  $\varphi(x) = x \cos x$ , for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Show that  $\varphi$  is everywhere differentiable in  $\mathbb{R}$  and obtain  $\varphi'(x)$ . (4 Marks)
    - (ii) Differentiate with respect to x the function

$$f(x) = x^3 \sinh 3x \sin e^{3x}$$
 (4 Marks)

6. (a) Use the mean-value theorem to show that if f'(x) = 0 for all x then f is a constant. (4 Marks)
(b) (i) Verify the mean value theorem for the function f(x) = 2x<sup>2</sup> - 7x + 10, in the interval [2,5]. (4 Marks)
(ii) Compute the lim<sub>x→0</sub> x<sup>β</sup> ln x, where β is a constant (4 Marks)