



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI - ABUJA
FACULTY OF SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

2021_1 EXAMINATIONS ...

COURSE CODE: PHY 310
COURSE TITLE: ELECTRONICS II
CREDIT UNIT: 2
TIME ALLOWED: (2 HRS)

INSTRUCTION: *Answer question 1 and any other three questions*

QUESTION 1

- (a). Differentiate between a current-controlled device and a voltage-controlled device (4 marks)
- (b). Why can JFET be used as a voltage-controlled resistor? (2 marks)
- (c). Highlight two conditions use to determine the maximum operating conditions of a JFET? (2 marks)
- (d). Mention the difference between a depletion MOSFET and an enhancement MOSFET? (4 marks)
- (e). Develop a list of safety precautions that must be observed when handling MOSFETs. (4 marks)
- (f). Why is the common-emitter amplifier the most widely used transistor amplifier configuration? (2 marks)
- (g). A class A transformer-coupled amplifier uses a 25:1 transformer to drive a 4 Ω load. Calculate the effective ac load (seen by the transistor connected to the larger turns side of the transformer). (3 marks)
- (h). Why is alternating current widely applied in electrical power systems? (2 marks)
- (i). What is a filter? (2 marks)

QUESTION 2

- (a). Describe thermal instability with transistors and methods used to compensate for it. **(6 marks)**
- (b). Describe the relationship between the drain current and the gate-to-source voltage of a JFET **(4 marks)**
- (c). What is the purpose of the multiplying factor in amplifiers? **(2 marks)**
- (d). How can the drawbacks of direct-coupled amplifiers be overcome? **(3 marks)**

QUESTION 3

- (a). Briefly describe the following important power amplifier specifications. **(10 marks)**
- (i) Bandwidth **(2 marks)** (ii) Linearity **(2 marks)** (iii) Noise Figure **(2 marks)**
- (iv) Output Dynamic Range **(2 marks)** (v) Ringing **(2 marks)**
- (b). What is an electronic amplifier? **(2 marks)**
- (c). List three factors that affect current-carrying capacity of a conductor. **(3 marks)**

QUESTION 4

- (a). State four main characteristics of an amplifier **(6 marks)**
- (b). What are the three classes of filters based on their technology? **(3 marks)**
- (c). Calculate the efficiency of a transformer-coupled class A amplifier for a supply of 12 V and outputs of 12 V. **(6marks)**

QUESTION 5

- (a). What are the two external bias voltages for a JFET called? **(2 marks)**
- (b). Explain what is meant by pinch-off voltage for an FET. **(2 marks)**
- (c). How is the pinch-off voltage for a JFET determined? **(2 marks)**
- (d). How do we attain Voltage stabilisation in power supplies? **(1 mark)**
- (e). For a class B amplifier using a supply of $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$ and driving a load of 16Ω , determine:
- (i) the maximum input power **(2 marks)** (ii) output power **(2 marks)**
- (iii) circuit efficiency **(2 marks)** and (iv) transistor dissipation. **(2 marks)**