

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA University Village, Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Express Way, Jabi-Abuja

FACULTY OF SCIENCES **April /May 2019 Examinations**

Course Code: MTH302

Course Title: Elementary Differential Equations

Credit Unit:

Time Allowed: 3 Hours 70 Marks **Total:**

Answer Question One and Any Other 4 Questions Instruction:

1) (a) Solve the Initial Value Problem y'' - 2y' - 15y = 0, y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 213marks

(b) Hence solve $y'' - 2y' - 15y = 3\sin 3x$; y'(0) = 1, y''(0) = 29marks

2) Solve the differential equation $(1-x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6x\frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = 0$ near the ordinary point x = 0

12marks

3) Solve the differential equation $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \alpha x \frac{dy}{dx} + \beta y = 0$.

Hence find y when $\alpha = 11$ and $\beta = 16$

12marks

4) (a) Obtain the Fourier Cosine series for $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2$, $-\pi < x < \pi$.

Hence deduce that
$$\sum_{n\to 0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$$

9marks

(b) Suppose that f(x) is odd obtain the general Fourier Sine Series.

3marks

5) (a) Using ratio test and radius of convergence, state the conditions under which the power series $\sum_{n\to 0}^{\infty} A_n (x-x_0)^n + \dots$ converges, diverges or fails.

If
$$\rho = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left| \frac{A_{n+1}}{A_n} \right|$$
, what happens if L is zero, finite and infinite?

7marks

(b) Determine the radius of convergence of each of the following power series and state if it converges or diverges:

i)
$$\sum_{n\to0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n}$$

ii)
$$\sum_{n\to 0}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{5n}$$

5marks

i) $\sum_{n\to 0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^n}$ ii) $\sum_{n\to 0}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{5^n}$ 6) (a) Prove that $B(m,n) = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m-1}\theta \cos^{2m-1}\theta \ d\theta$

8marks

(b) Find the value of B(5,2)

4marks