

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikiwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja.

FACULTY OF SCIENCES November Examination 2018

Course Code:	MTH315
Course Title:	Analytical Dynamics
Credit Unit:	3
Time Allowed:	3 Hours
Total:	70 Marks
Instruction:	Answer Question One and Any Other 4 Questions

1. (a) State the Lagrange's equations

(2 marks)

- (b) A system of two particles is connected by a string over a fixed, frictionless pulley.
 (i) Find the Lagrangian of the system and determine the equation of motion of system
 (6 marks)
- (c)The displacement of a particle from the origin is given by $\mathbf{r} = t^2 \mathbf{i} + t^{-2} \mathbf{j}$, where is t the time. Find the velocity, speed and acceleration. At what time are the velocity and displacement right angles? (7marks)
- (d) A train moving with constant acceleration passes three posts, A, B, C on a straight road. The distance from A to B is 15m, and from B to C 20m. The train takes 6 sec to go from A to B and 5 sec to go from B to C. Find the acceleration of the train and its distance from A when its speed is 5.5 m/sec. (7 marks)
- 2. (a) Let m_1 , m_2 be the masses of the two spheres moving in the same straight line with their respective velocities u_1 , u_2 collide. If v_1 , v_2 are their velocities after impact. Find their subsequent speeds if the coefficient of restitution is e. (6 marks)

(b) Briefly explain the followings	
(i) a perfectly inelastic collision	(3 marks)
(ii) a perfectly inelastic collision.	(3 marks)

- 3. (a) Three smooth spheres, A, B, C of masses m, 2m and 4m respectively rest on a smooth plane (horizontal) with their centres collinear, and B lies between A and C. The coefficients of restitution between any two pairs are equal. If A is projected towards B with velocity U and C moves with velocity. (6 marks)
 - (b) A bullet of mass 1 g is fired into a block of ice of mass I kg which can slide freely. If the bullet is fired with speed 2000m/s and comes to rest embedded in the ice, determine the final speed of the ice. (6 marks)

4. (a) State the Hamilton's principle.

(b) If the Hamiltonian $H = \sum_{\alpha=1}^{n} P_{\alpha} \dot{q}_{\alpha} - L$ does not contain the variable time t explicitly and is expressed as a function of coordinate q_{α} and momenta p_{α} , prove that $\dot{p}_{\alpha} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q_{\alpha}}, \quad \dot{q}_{\alpha} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_{\alpha}},$ (5 marks)

- (c) A particle moves in the xy plane under the influence of a central force depending only on its distance from the origin. Determine the Hamiltonian for the system. (5 marks)
- (5) (a) State Euler's equation

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(b) Hence, find function y that minimize the integral $I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)^2 - y^2 + 2ty \right) dt$

Subject to
$$y(0) = 0$$
 and $y\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0.$ (5 marks)

(c) Prove that a transformation is canonical if there exists a function G

such that $\frac{dG}{dt} = L - l$ where L and *l*are the Lagrangians of the old and new coordinates respectively and G is the generating function. (5 marks)

- (6) (a) A body moves in a conservative force field $F = (y^2 - 2xyz^3)\mathbf{i} + (3 + 2xy - x^2z^3)\mathbf{j} + (6z^3 - 3x^2z^2y)\mathbf{k}$ from the point (2,-1, 2) to (-1, 3, -2) Find the work done. (6 marks)
 - (b) If a force F is such that $F = -\nabla V$ where V is the potential function and T is the kinetic energy, show that T + V = constant. (6 marks)